23. IMPORTANT PHONE NUMBERS

• FISHERIES INFORMATION
  North Dakota Game and Fish Department:
  GENERAL INFORMATION – Bismarck Office 701-328-6300
  NORTHWEST DISTRICT LAKES – Williston Office 701-774-4320
  SOUTHWEST DISTRICT LAKES – Dickinson Office 701-227-7431
  NORTH CENTRAL DISTRICT LAKES – Riverdale Office 701-654-7475
  SOUTH CENTRAL DISTRICT LAKES – Bismarck Office 701-328-6688
  NORTHEAST DISTRICT LAKES – Devils Lake Office 701-662-3617
  SOUTHEAST DISTRICT LAKES – Jamestown Office 701-253-6480
  NDGFD fishing homepage – gf.nd.gov/fishing

• REPORTING GAME AND FISH VIOLATIONS
  RAP PROGRAM (REPORT ALL POACHERS) 701-328-9921.

• OTHER AGENCIES
  N.D. Parks and Recreation Department 701-328-5357
  N.D. Department of Health 701-328-5210
  U.S. Bureau of Reclamation 701-250-4242
  U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
    Oahe Project 701-255-0015; Sakakawea Project 701-654-7411;
    Ashtabula Project 701-845-2970
  U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
    Garrison Dam Fish Hatchery 701-654-7451
    Valley City Fish Hatchery 701-845-3464
    Audubon National Wildlife Refuge (NWR) 701-442-5474
    J. Clark Salyer NWR 701-768-2548
    Lake Alice NWR 701-662-8611
    Lake Ilo NWR 701-548-8110
    Long Lake NWR 701-387-4397
    Tewaukon NWR 701-724-3598
    Upper Souris NWR (Lake Darling) 701-468-5467

• TRIBAL CONTACTS
  Fort Berthold. Game and Fish Department, 404 Frontage Road,
  New Town, ND 58763 701-627-4760.
  Standing Rock. Game and Fish Department, Box 549,
  Fort Yates, ND, 58538 701-854-7236.
  Turtle Mountain. Department of Natural Resources, Box 570,
  Belcourt, ND 58316 701-477-2604.
  Spirit Lake. Fish and Wildlife Department, Box 359,
  Fort Totten, ND 58335 701-766-1243.

The NDGFD receives federal financial assistance from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. In accordance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, and Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, the NDGFD joins the U.S. Department of the Interior and its Bureaus in prohibiting discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, sex (in education programs or activities) and also religion for the NDGFD. If you believe you have been discriminated against in any program, activity, or facility as described above, or you desire further information, please write to: ND Game and Fish Department, Attn: Chief Administrative Services, 100 N. Bismarck Expressway, Bismarck, ND 58501-5095 or to: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Attn: Civil Rights Coordinator, 4401 N. Fairfax Drive, Mail Stop: MBSP-4020, Arlington, Virginia 22203. If you are disabled and desire application information for hunting and fishing opportunities in this state please contact the Department at 701-328-6300. The TTY/TTD (Relay ND) number for the hearing or speech impaired is 1-800-366-6888.
NORTH DAKOTA FISHING GUIDE
2018-2020
(Effective April 1, 2018 through March 31, 2020)
TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION                  PAGE
1  New for 2018-2020 Fishing Seasons...................... 4
2  Licenses.......................................................... 6
3  Stocking, Possession and Transportation of Fish and Aquatic Organisms......... 7
4  Fish Definitions ................................................ 8
5  Bait Definitions and Regulations.............................. 8
6  General Regulations............................................. 11
7  Manner of Taking ................................................ 14
   A. Hook and Line Fishing.................................. 14
       Open Areas and Season Dates.......................... 14
       Statewide Daily and Possession Limits.............. 16
       Exceptions.................................................. 17
       Specific Regulation Information.................... 17
       Fish Size Restrictions................................. 19
       Fish Length-Weight Table.............................. 20
       Ice Fishing Regulations.............................. 21
       Fish Houses................................................. 22
   B. Darkhouse Spearfishing................................. 23
   C. Archery and Spearfishing................................ 24
   D. Underwater Spearfishing................................ 25
   E. Paddlefish Snagging...................................... 26
8  Red and Bois de Sioux Rivers............................. 28
9  Aquatic Nuisance Species Rules and Q/A................... 29
10 Fishing Contests............................................. 32
11 Commercial Fishing......................................... 32
12 Commercial Take of Turtles Closed....................... 32
13 Clam Season Closed.......................................... 32
14 Fish Consumption Advisory................................. 32
15 Boat Motor Restrictions ................................... 33
16 Boating Regulations........................................... 33
17 Whopper/Catch and Release Requirements.............. 36
18 North Dakota State Record Fish Requirements ..... 38
19 Reporting Tagged Fish........................................ 40
20 Devils Lake System Boating Access...................... 42
21 Missouri River System Boating Access.................. 44
22 North Dakota Fishing Waters.............................. 50
23 Important Phone Numbers................................. 72

Cover photo by Craig Bihrle (NDGFD)
“The charm of fishing is that it is the pursuit of what is elusive but attainable, a perpetual series of occasions for hope.” – John Buchan

Do you remember the joy of catching your first fish? In the days before digital cameras and smartphones, how many rolls of film were spent each summer capturing those magic moments of a child’s first catch on the boat, dock or shoreline?

Like many North Dakotans, I have fond memories of fishing with my father and other family members and friends.

Today, our state offers more opportunities than ever to create such memories.

North Dakota now has more than 400 public fishing waters and more managed fishing waters and walleye lakes than at any time in recorded history. That means more places from which to view our impressive prairie sunsets and more places where fish at the end of a line will bring smiles to young and old alike.

For some, going fishing is a quest to sort of “get away from it all,” to find some space to get a line in the water and just sit back and relax for a while.

For others, it’s a chance to spend time with family or friends, or to put their skills with a rod and reel to the test.

Whether casting a lure into the waves or dangling a line through the ice, North Dakota anglers can enjoy more secure public access areas and improved fish populations thanks to the hard work of our state Game and Fish Department. And, thanks to our state Parks and Recreation Department, at least a dozen of our state parks offer access to fishing waters, including our two largest water bodies, Devils Lake and Lake Sakakawea.

As new fishing waters have developed, Game and Fish has also put considerable effort into available technologies and mapping resources so anglers can find these waters, know the locations of public access sites or boat ramps, see contour maps, and even view photos of many areas from the air and from the ground.

It’s a great time to go fishing in North Dakota, and this guide, and the Game and Fish website at gf.nd.gov, can help you plan your next outing.

Good luck!

This guide is provided for informational purposes and is not intended as a complete listing of regulations. For more specific information on regulations and laws, visit the Game and Fish Department website (for proclamations) or for North Dakota state laws go to legis.nd.gov/cencode/T20-1.html.
1. NEW FOR 2018-2020 FISHING SEASONS
(Summary of major changes)

• Extends the archery season to year-round.
• The beginning of the darkhouse spearfishing season is changed from December 1 to whenever ice-up occurs.
• The transportation of live white suckers, other than within Richland, Cass, Traill, Grand Forks, Walsh and Pembina counties, is illegal.
• Paddlefish snagging days will begin at 7 a.m. and close at 7 p.m. Also, the season closing date will be May 21.
• Reduction of the statewide daily and possession limit for bluegill to 10 and 20, respectively.
• Standardize the trout possession limit with most other species (double the daily) – 6 in possession.
• Eliminates walleye length restrictions on North and South Golden, Alkali (Sargent Co.), Lueck and West Moran lakes and Tosse Slough.

Other useful fishing information, including updates to North Dakota’s fishing waters and stocking records, is found on the Game and Fish Department’s website – gf.nd.gov – and in the March-April issue of North Dakota OUTDOORS magazine. Readers are encouraged to use these valuable resources for additional information.
This program encourages people to report fish and wildlife violations, remain anonymous if they prefer, and receive monetary rewards for convictions based on their information. Anonymous callers will be given a special code number and are not required to give their name. Rewards range from $100 to $1,000 depending on the nature and seriousness of the crime. Call 701-328-9921. Call only to report game and fish violations. The reward fund is supported by private donations, and tax deductible contributions can be sent to RAP, Box 1091, Bismarck, ND, 58502-1091.
2. LICENSES

These regulations are in effect for two years from April 1, 2018 through March 31, 2020. A fishing year is defined as April 1 of one calendar year through March 31 of the following calendar year. **NOTE: In the event of emergency changes to the 2018-2020 proclamation, Game and Fish will alert the media and public and post new information on the Department’s website.**

Licenses are valid for one year starting April 1 and ending March 31 of the following year. An angler must possess a valid fishing license for the respective season.

Residents and nonresidents age 16 and older need valid licenses. Residents under age 16 may take and possess a limit of fish without a fishing license. Any nonresident under age 16 may take and possess a limit of fish without a nonresident fishing license if accompanied by an individual possessing a valid fishing license.

Residency qualifications and a waiver of residency form are available on the Department’s website. Call 701-328-6300 for more information.

North Dakota residents who are on leave while on active duty with the United States military can fish without a license. Contact the Department for details.

Nonresident full-time students living in North Dakota, who are attending a state or tribal college, or a private institution of higher education, may qualify for purchasing resident fishing licenses. Contact the Department for details.

The fishing license (paper or electronic form) must be in possession of the licensee at all times while fishing and available for inspection.

**Free Fishing Days** – *Residents of North Dakota may fish without a resident fishing license on June 2-3, 2018, December 29-30, 2018, June 1-2, 2019 and December 28-29, 2019.*
## License Fees

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Resident Fishing, Hunting and Furbearer Certificate</td>
<td>$1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resident Individual</td>
<td>$16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resident Husband and Wife</td>
<td>$22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resident, 65 years or older</td>
<td>$5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resident, Totally or Permanently Disabled*</td>
<td>$5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resident, 50 percent or More Disabled Veteran*</td>
<td>$5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resident Combination License (16 years or older – includes fishing, small game, general game and habitat, and furbearer licenses)</td>
<td>$50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nonresident Fishing, Hunting and Furbearer Certificate</td>
<td>$2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nonresident Individual</td>
<td>$45</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nonresident Husband and Wife</td>
<td>$60</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nonresident 10 Days</td>
<td>$35</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nonresident 3 Days</td>
<td>$25</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All paddlefish snaggers must possess a valid paddlefish tag in addition to required licensing. A resident paddlefish tag is $10, a nonresident paddlefish tag is $25.50.

*Available only from the Department’s Bismarck office.

---

### 3. STOCKING, POSSESSION AND TRANSPORTATION OF FISH AND AQUATIC ORGANISMS

Stocking of any live fish, live fish eggs, live amphibians, or other live aquatic organisms into any waters of the state is illegal except with the appropriate license or permit issued by the Game and Fish director.

Transportation of any live fish, live fish eggs, live amphibians or other live aquatic organisms is illegal except for:

- Anglers transporting legal live baitfish and legal live aquatic bait (see following sections).
- Dealers and buyers of tropical fish species for the pet trade sold at commercial outlets.
4. FISH DEFINITIONS

Game fish are bluegill, burbot, channel catfish, chinook salmon, crappie (black and white), largemouth bass, muskellunge (pure and hybrid), northern pike, paddlefish, sauger, saugeye, smallmouth bass, sturgeon (pallid, shovel nose and lake), trout (brown, lake, rainbow and cutthroat), walleye, white bass, yellow perch and zander.

Nongame fish are all species that inhabit and reproduce in the state’s waters that are not listed above as game fish or legal live baitfish (see next section.)

5. BAIT DEFINITIONS AND REGULATIONS

Legal live baitfish are fathead minnows, creek chubs and sticklebacks. White sucker are also legal live baitfish, but only for use in the Red and Bois de Sioux rivers.

Other legal live bait includes leeches, native frog, salamander and crayfish species.

Legal baitfish and other legal aquatic bait noted above, and nongame fish, which have been preserved by freezing, salting or otherwise treated to inactivate sexual products, are legal bait. This includes sections, pieces, heads and/or entrails.

The use of game fish and parts thereof are illegal, except yellow perch eyes, and trout and salmon eggs.

All terrestrial bait (live or dead) such as night crawlers and waxworms are legal.

Products manufactured as edible fishing bait and other inert biodegradable substances are legal bait.
Absolutely no live baitfish may be used or possessed while on the following waters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WATER AREA</th>
<th>COUNTY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belfield Pond</td>
<td>Stark</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blumhardt Dam</td>
<td>McIntosh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bylin Dam/Dougherty Dam</td>
<td>Walsh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Camels Hump Dam</td>
<td>Golden Valley</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crown Butte</td>
<td>Morton</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Custer Mine Pond</td>
<td>McLean</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Davis Dam</td>
<td>Slope</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dickinson Dike</td>
<td>Stark</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fish Creek</td>
<td>Morton</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harmon Lake</td>
<td>Morton</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indian Creek</td>
<td>Hettinger</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kettle Lake</td>
<td>Williams</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leland Dam</td>
<td>McKenzie</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lightning Lake</td>
<td>McLean</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>McDowell Dam</td>
<td>Burleigh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mott Watershed</td>
<td>Hettinger</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nelson Lake</td>
<td>Oliver</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Lemmon Dam</td>
<td>Adams</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nygren Dam</td>
<td>Morton</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raleigh Reservoir</td>
<td>Grant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ryan Park Pond</td>
<td>Grand Forks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sather Dam</td>
<td>McKenzie</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sheep Creek Dam</td>
<td>Grant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Velva Sportsmen’s Pond</td>
<td>Ward</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For the Red and Bois de Sioux rivers up to the first vehicular bridge or crossing on any of their tributaries: legal live baitfish are fathead minnows, creek chubs, sticklebacks and white suckers.
**Statewide** – in all other water bodies of North Dakota (not listed on page 9), the only legal live baitfish are fathead minnows, creek chubs and sticklebacks. Exception – rainbow smelt may be taken on the Missouri River System; however, all smelt taken must be dead when transported.

All legal live aquatic organisms used by anglers, including legal baitfish (*e.g.* fathead minnows), native amphibians (*e.g.* salamanders and frogs), invertebrates (*e.g.* crayfish and leeches) and insects must have been purchased or trapped in North Dakota. **No live aquatic organisms may be imported into the state by anglers. This includes live baitfish and leeches.**

Anglers may not transport water, including that used for bait (*e.g.*, bait buckets, etc.), away from waters of the state designated as infested with Class 1: Prohibited Aquatic Nuisance Species; this includes only the Red River. That means all water must be drained from bait buckets as anglers leave the shore or remove their boat from the water. Anglers must properly dispose of unused bait away from the river, as dumping bait in the water or on shore is illegal.

In all other waters of the state, legal live baitfish and other legal live aquatic bait may be transported in water but only in containers of five gallons or less. Any container (*e.g.* bait bucket) used to hold bait must be free of aquatic vegetation.

The transportation of live white suckers, other than in Richland, Cass, Traill, Grand Forks, Walsh and Pembina counties, is illegal.

It is illegal to possess more than an aggregate of 150 legal live baitfish. See page 16 for list of limits.

Licensed anglers may trap their bait but may not use more than one minnow trap and/or one dip net for taking smelt or legal live aquatic bait. The trap may not exceed 12 inches in diameter and 30 inches in length, with a throat opening not to exceed 1-1/4 inches. Dip nets may not exceed 24 inches in diameter or 36 inches in depth. All other nets (*e.g.* cast) are ILLEGAL. All individuals selling live aquatic bait must possess a bait vendors license.
Legal live bait and legal live baitfish may be taken in all public waters of the state and at all times except for the following:

- Those water bodies listed on page 9 as “no live baitfish” lakes.
- James River between Jamestown Dam and the South Dakota border.
- Water bodies designated as infested with prohibited or regulated aquatic nuisance species (see the Department’s website at gf.nd.gov for current list of lakes).

*Exception – rainbow smelt may be taken on the Missouri River System; however, all smelt taken must be dead when transported.*

It is illegal to use live rainbow smelt for bait anywhere except for: live smelt captured with a dip net or by hand in the Garrison Dam Tailrace may be used only in the Tailrace from the Garrison Dam downstream to the southern boundary of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Downstream Recreation Area.

It is illegal to possess, or possess with intent to sell, or to use as live baitfish, any species other than fathead minnows, creek chubs, sticklebacks and white suckers. The penalty for fishing with or possession of an illegal live baitfish is $250.

6. GENERAL REGULATIONS

See page 16 for list of limits, by species.

Each angler must take his or her own fish. Party fishing is illegal.

The daily creel limit is defined as the maximum number of legally taken fish *by species* that may be harvested from midnight to midnight. No individual may harvest or possess more than North Dakota’s daily limit of fish while on the water, ice, or actively engaged in any manner of fishing.

The possession limit is defined as the maximum number of legally taken fish *by species* that an
individual may have in their actual possession during any phase of any single fishing trip of more than one day. At no time may an individual transport more than a possession limit without written approval of the Game and Fish director.

The storage limit at one’s residence is unlimited.

It is illegal to take, possess or transport any of the following species of fish in North Dakota (they must be immediately released back into the water from which they were caught): pallid sturgeon, shovelnose sturgeon and lake sturgeon.

No fish species may be transported in water away from the water body from which they were taken. Ice in a cooler or other container may be used in transporting fish.

It is illegal to take paddlefish at any time except as provided on pages 26-28.

It is illegal to remove more than gills, entrails and scales from fish species harvested in waters that are subject to a size limit while on the water or actively engaged in fishing. It is illegal to remove more than the gills and entrails (head, fillets and tail must be attached) from channel catfish east of ND Highway 1 while on the water, actively engaged in fishing, transporting or until the fish are at the license holder’s residence.

Wanton Waste – no individual possessing any game fish species may waste, destroy or abandon the edible flesh (fillets).

Depositing or leaving any litter (including refuse, bottles, cans, etc.) or other waste material in the water, on shore or on the ice is illegal.

It is illegal to deposit, or cause to be deposited, any fish or parts thereof, upon the ice, in the water, or upon the shore of any water body in North Dakota.

Any fish (whole and/or fillets) may be given (gifted) to another individual, but the fish must be counted in the donor’s daily limit.
The packaging of fish (including parts thereof) away from one’s residence must be done in such a manner that the number of fish in each package may be easily determined.

Gifted fish, including packages of fish, must be accompanied with the following information from the individual gifting the fish: name, fishing license number, phone number, date, species and number of fish gifted.

Except for legally gifted fish, it is illegal to possess or transport another individual’s game fish or parts thereof without the license holder accompanying or as otherwise permitted.

Commercial processors, common carriers, and common storage areas may possess any individual’s legally taken possession limit of fish. Each package must be labeled with the owner’s name and address.

No individual shall sell, or take for the purpose of sale, any fish (including baitfish) except as allowed in bait or commercial fishing laws.

It is illegal to introduce anything into waters of the state for the purpose of attempting to attract fish (e.g. chumming, artificial light, acoustic equipment, etc.) that is not attached or applied to a lure as defined on pages 17-18. Decoys used while darkhouse spearfishing are excluded.

Other than landing a fish caught on hook and line equipment, netting or trapping fish is illegal except for legal live bait as defined on pages 10-11.

The director may make reasonable accommodations to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act.
7. MANNER OF TAKING

Taking or attempting to take fish from North Dakota waters is limited to those methods listed below. Subsequent pages provide regulation details.

A. Hook and Line Fishing
B. Darkhouse Spearfishing
C. Archery and Spearfishing
D. Underwater Spearfishing
E. Paddlefish Snagging

Note – Manners of taking other than listed in this section such as “jugging,” “noodling,” and use of trot (set) lines are illegal.

A. Hook and Line Fishing

ALL WATERS of the state are open to fishing year-round except immediately below and page 15:

- The Red River below the Drayton Dam for a distance of 150 feet.
- From or within 100 feet of the bridge located between North and South Lake Metigoshe.
- Areas near the Garrison Dam Tailrace so posted by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.
- No individual shall fish or boat in areas posted and designated by the Game and Fish Department.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AREA</th>
<th>SEASON</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OWLS Pond</td>
<td>Closed to fishing at night (sunset to sunrise).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Fair Pond</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lightning Lake</td>
<td>Closed to all ice fishing. Open to all open-water fishing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>McDowell Dam</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Fair Pond</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Portions or all of the following waterfowl rest areas: North Golden Lake, Sheyenne Lake</td>
<td>Closed to all fishing September 20 through November 30 or when conditions allow for ice fishing (whichever comes first). Open to all fishing all other times.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
All national wildlife refuges and easement national wildlife refuges are closed to fishing except the following *(contact refuge headquarters for designated open areas and special restrictions)*:

| **Arrowwood, J. Clark Salyer, Lake Darling (and all waters within the Upper Souris refuge boundary), Lake Ilo, Long Lake and Tewaukon national wildlife refuges** | Open to shore and/or ice fishing April 1 through March 31 in designated areas. Open to boat fishing May 1 through September 30 in designated areas. Closed to all boating October 1 through April 30. |
| **Lake Alice and Lake Audubon (southern half of lake) national wildlife refuges** | Open to ice fishing only. Closed to all other fishing and all boating. |
| **Dakota Lake, Hobart Lake and Sibley Lake (Griggs County) easement national wildlife refuges** | Open to all fishing April 1 through September 30 and December 1 through March 31. Closed to all fishing and boating October 1 through November 30. |
| **Lake Ardoch, Rose Lake, and Silver Lake (Benson County) easement national wildlife refuges** | Open to shore and/or ice fishing from April 1 through March 31. Contact refuges for specific areas and times open to boat fishing. |
# Statewide Daily and Possession Limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SPECIES</th>
<th>DAILY LIMIT</th>
<th>POSSESSION LIMIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Walleye, Sauger, Saugeye or Combination&lt;sup&gt;a&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northern Pike</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow Perch</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Bass</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bluegill</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crappie</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trout</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salmon</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burbot (Ling)</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Channel Catfish East of ND Hwy. 1&lt;sup&gt;b&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Channel Catfish West of ND Hwy. 1&lt;sup&gt;b&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>no limit</td>
<td>no limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Largemouth Bass, Smallmouth Bass or Combination</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Muskellunge (pure or hybrid)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paddlefish</td>
<td>See pages 26-28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nongame Fish (other than legal live baitfish)</td>
<td>no limit</td>
<td>no limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal Live Baitfish&lt;sup&gt;c&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leeches</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smelt</td>
<td>5 gallons</td>
<td>5 gallons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frogs</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salamanders</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crayfish</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Snapping Turtle &lt;sup&gt;d&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>One annually</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<sup>a</sup>–Zander are included as part of the walleye, sauger, saugeye combination in Spiritwood Lake.

<sup>b</sup>–In the Red and Bois de Sioux rivers, the limit is 5 regardless of the number of state or provincial licenses purchased by the angler.

<sup>c</sup>–Aggregate of all legal species (see page 8).

<sup>d</sup>–Harvest legal only between July 1 and November 15.
### Exceptions to Statewide Fish Limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Regulations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Red and Bois de Sioux rivers up to the first vehicular bridge or crossing on any of their tributaries | **NORTHERN PIKE** – Daily 3, Possession 3  
**WALLEYE, SAUGER, SAUGEYE OR COMBINATION** – Daily 3, Possession 3 |
| Lightning Lake                  | **TROUT** – Catch and release only from April 1 through June 30              |
| OWLS Pond and State Fair Pond    | **ALL SPECIES** – Catch and release only                                    |
| Kraft Slough                    | **YELLOW PERCH** – Daily 10, Possession 20                                  |

See page 19 for fish size restrictions

### Specific Regulation Information

With the exceptions noted immediately below, **legal hook and line equipment** for each angler shall consist of not more than two poles, each equipped with one line, in the water at any one time. Each line in the water may have zero, one or two lures attached.

**Exceptions:**

- **Only one pole** is legal at the Garrison Dam Tailrace (Missouri River) while fishing from the piers and wing walls.
- **Only one pole** is legal at the Drayton Dam (Red River) while shore-fishing between boat ramp and area designated “closed to fishing.”
- **Four poles** are legal while ice fishing.

**Note:** When fishing a water body where both open water and ice fishing occur at the same time, an angler is allowed a maximum of four poles, of which no more than two poles can be used in open water. (See page 21 for additional ice fishing regulations.)

A lure is defined as any man-made object comprised of metal, plastic, wood and/or other nonedible materials made
or used to catch fish. A lure may not contain more than three hooks and the maximum distance between any hooks on a lure may not exceed 10 inches. A single hook may not include more than three points, barbed or otherwise. Spinners and other live bait rigs and harnesses are considered a lure and are legal. Hookless dodgers or attractors used ahead of a lure or bait or attached to a downrigger ball are legal.

Fishing poles must be easily visible and within a maximum distance of 150 feet of the participating angler. Fishing poles must be checked at least once per hour while fishing.

It is illegal to fish with any spring, lever, chemically, electrically, or mechanically triggered hook at any time. The use of any mechanical device to automatically retrieve fish is also illegal. Any device directly connected to the fishing rod that sets the hook is legal as long as it does not reel in (retrieve) fish.

After a fish is caught on hook and line, it is legal to return all fish to the water at the site of capture if done in no longer than the time needed to unhook, measure and/or photograph the fish immediately after being caught. Fish returned to the water should show no evidence of bleeding, be handled carefully, and not thrown or dropped. All fish released from bridges and wing walls (e.g. Garrison Dam Tailrace) must be done immediately after being placed in a fish basket/open container to ensure fish survival.

High-grading or culling of fish is illegal. No fish may be returned to the water after being held on a stringer or confined by or in any type of holding structure, except in the case of approved live-release fishing tournaments and only with written permission from the Game and Fish director. No fish may be released into any waters other than the one from which it was originally caught.

A foul-hooked or snagged fish is defined as any fish hooked or caught in any area from behind the gill covers to the tail. Any foul-hooked or snagged fish must immediately be returned to the water regardless of condition. Possession of foul-hooked fish is illegal. Attempting to snag fish is illegal.
Landing a fish caught on hook and line equipment with aid of a gaff is legal except for sturgeon, paddlefish, muskellunge and species in waters in which there are size limits. No gaffed fish may be returned to the water.

It is illegal to tag or mark any fish prior to release.

Lake specific rules may exist and may be displayed by Department signage at access areas and bridges.

### Fish Size Restrictions

All undersized or oversized fish caught where there is a size limit, must be returned to the water immediately regardless of condition and must be handled carefully to avoid injury.

It is illegal to remove more than gills, entrails and scales from fish species harvested in waters that are subject to a size limit while on the water or actively engaged in fishing.

It is illegal to remove more than the gills and entrails from channel catfish east of North Dakota Highway 1 while on the water, actively engaged in fishing, transporting or until the fish is at the license holder’s residence. Head, fillets and tail must be attached.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WATER AREAS</th>
<th>IT IS ILLEGAL TO TAKE OR POSSESS:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Anywhere in the state</td>
<td>Muskellunge Less than 48 inches in total length</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lake Elsie, Richland Co.</td>
<td>Walleye/Sauger Less than 14 inches in total length</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo Lake (including connected waters north to Sargent Co. Rd. 1), Sargent Co.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jamestown and Pipestem reservoirs upstream to and including the first bridge crossing, Stutsman Co.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All waters east of ND Highway 1 including the Red and Bois de Sioux rivers</td>
<td>More than 1 Channel Catfish Greater than 24 inches in total length</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
How to Measure the Length of a Fish

To determine the “total length” of a fish, lay it flat on its side with its mouth closed and measure from the nose to the tip of the tail when the tail lobes are pressed together.

The following table is intended to assist an angler with a weight estimate based on the fish’s length. The table shows the average weights of select fish statewide. The true weight of an individual fish may vary due to the sex of the fish, time of year (e.g., spawning) when it is caught, health of the fish and the water body from which it is caught.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INCHES</th>
<th>BLUEGILL</th>
<th>YELLOW PERCH</th>
<th>WHITE BASS</th>
<th>SMALL-MOUTH BASS</th>
<th>LARGE-MOUTH BASS</th>
<th>WALLEYE</th>
<th>CHANNEL CATFISH</th>
<th>NORTHERN PIKE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>.2</td>
<td>.1</td>
<td>.1</td>
<td>.1</td>
<td>.1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>.3</td>
<td>.2</td>
<td>.2</td>
<td>.2</td>
<td>.2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>.5</td>
<td>.3</td>
<td>.3</td>
<td>.3</td>
<td>.3</td>
<td>.2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>.7</td>
<td>.4</td>
<td>.4</td>
<td>.4</td>
<td>.4</td>
<td>.3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>.5</td>
<td>.5</td>
<td>.6</td>
<td>.3</td>
<td>.3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>.7</td>
<td>.7</td>
<td>.8</td>
<td>.4</td>
<td>.4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>1.7</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>.9</td>
<td>.9</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>.6</td>
<td>.5</td>
<td>.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>.7</td>
<td>.6</td>
<td>.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>1.6</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>1.6</td>
<td>.9</td>
<td>.8</td>
<td>.6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>.9</td>
<td>.7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>2.2</td>
<td>2.4</td>
<td>1.4</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>.9</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>2.9</td>
<td>1.7</td>
<td>1.4</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>3.3</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>3.4</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>1.7</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>3.8</td>
<td>3.7</td>
<td>4.1</td>
<td>2.4</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>4.3</td>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>4.7</td>
<td>2.9</td>
<td>2.9</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>3.3</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>2.1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>5.9</td>
<td>6.4</td>
<td>3.9</td>
<td>3.4</td>
<td>2.4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>6.8</td>
<td>7.3</td>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>7.7</td>
<td>8.3</td>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>4.8</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>5.8</td>
<td>5.8</td>
<td>3.7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>6.6</td>
<td>6.5</td>
<td>4.1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>7.4</td>
<td>8.7</td>
<td>4.6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>8.3</td>
<td>9.7</td>
<td>5.1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>9.3</td>
<td>10.1</td>
<td>5.7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>10.4</td>
<td>11.2</td>
<td>6.3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>12.7</td>
<td>11.9</td>
<td>7.0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>13.5</td>
<td></td>
<td>7.7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>9.2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>11.0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>13.0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15.2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>17.6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>20.3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>23.2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>26.5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>30.0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Ice fishing is defined as hook and line fishing that occurs while on the ice. See pages 14-15 for waters open to hook and line fishing.

A maximum of four poles is legal for ice fishing. However, when fishing a water body where both open water and ice occur at the same time, an angler is allowed a maximum of four poles, of which no more than two poles can be used in open water.

Fishing poles must be easily visible and within a maximum distance of 150 feet of the participating angler.

Tip-ups are legal for ice fishing. Each tip-up is considered a single pole.

There is no restriction on the size of the hole in the ice while ice fishing. When a hole greater than 10 inches in diameter is left in the ice, the area in the immediate vicinity of the hole must be adequately marked with a natural object or a brightly painted or colored wooden lath. Markers must be in possession of the angler as soon as a hole greater than 10 inches in diameter is made. Markers must be visible from a minimum of 150 feet.

Fishing holes outside a fish house may be placed no closer than 10 feet from the house without consent of the fish house occupant.

As a guideline, anglers should consider the following as the minimum thickness for safe loads on ice:

Please note: The Game and Fish Department does not monitor ice thickness.
Licensing of fish houses is not required in North Dakota. However, any unoccupied fish house must have an equipment registration number issued by the Game and Fish Department, or the owner’s name, and either address or telephone number, displayed on its outside in readily distinguishable characters at least three inches high. Any unoccupied fish house left on the ice without having this proper identification may be removed or destroyed by the Department, and its owner is guilty of a class 2 noncriminal offense.

Any structure used as a fish house or darkhouse (to include campers) that is required to have an equipment registration number, or the owner’s name and address or telephone number inscribed on it, shall be constructed of material that will allow it to float and be readily removable from the ice at any time.

When in use, fish houses must be open for inspection at all times and hooks on doors are illegal.

Fish houses may be placed no closer than 50 feet in any direction from another fish house, without consent of the other fish house occupant.

Fishing holes outside a fish house may be placed no closer than 10 feet from the house without the consent of the fish house occupant.

All unoccupied ice houses must be removed from all waters beginning March 15 until ice-out.

It is illegal to leave fish houses on any federal USFWS refuge land, Corps of Engineers land, Bureau of Reclamation land or on any state-owned or managed land after March 15 of each year.
B. Darkhouse Spearfishing

Northern pike and nongame fish are the only legal species for darkhouse spearfishing. Daily and possession limits are the same as listed on pages 16-17.

Darkhouse spearfishing is legal from ice-up through March 15 of each fishing year.

All waters open to hook and line fishing are open to darkhouse spearfishing, except the following fishing waters, which are closed:

- East Park Lake – McLean Co.
- Heckers Lake – Sheridan Co.
- Lake Audubon – McLean Co.
- Larimore Dam – Grand Forks Co.
- McClusky Canal
- New Johns Lake – Burleigh Co.
- Red Willow Lake – Griggs Co.
- West Park Lake – McLean Co.
- Wood Lake – Benson Co.

In addition to possessing the needed valid fishing license, all individuals who participate in darkhouse spearfishing must first register on the Game and Fish Department website (gf.nd.gov), or through any Department office, prior to participating.

It is illegal to return fish to the water after they are speared. Possession of a spear is counted as a hook-and-line fishing pole while darkhouse spearfishing. Legal darkhouse spear equipment shall be any manually powered shaft with barbed points. The spear head shall not exceed 12 inches in width. Pneumatic or rubber band powered spear guns may not be used. Artificials and all legal bait, with the exception of live white sucker and rainbow smelt, may be used as decoys. (Note: it is legal to use live white suckers as decoys on the Red and Bois de Sioux rivers up to the first vehicular bridge or crossing on any of their tributaries). Any line used for a decoy will be considered a hook-and-line fishing pole if a hook is attached to the line.
There is no restriction on the size of the ice hole while actively engaged in darkhouse spearfishing. When a hole greater than 10 inches in diameter is left in the ice when a darkhouse is moved, the area in the immediate vicinity of the hole must be adequately marked by the spearer with a natural object or a brightly painted or colored wooden lath. Markers must be in the possession of the angler as soon as a hole greater than 10 inches in diameter is made. Markers must be visible from a minimum of 150 feet.

C. Archery and Spearfishing

Game fish may not be taken with bow/arrows or spears.

It is illegal to return fish to the water after they are shot or speared. All fish must be used and/or disposed of properly and not left in the water or on land.

Archery fishing is legal from April 1 through March 31 of each fishing year.

Spearfishing is legal from May 1 through November 30 of each fishing year.

Archery and spearfishing are open in all waters as specified on pages 14-15, except for the following areas which are closed:

• That portion of the Missouri River from the Garrison Dam downstream to the southern boundary of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Downstream Recreation Area.

Legal archery equipment is any bow to which an arrow is attached by a line and equipped with a harpoon-style point or wire-barbed point. The use of night vision equipment or electronically enhanced light-gathering optics, including all lights used for locating and shooting at fish, is legal. Crossbows are prohibited except with a special director’s permit that may be issued if an individual is permanently disabled.

Legal spear equipment is any manually powered shaft with barbed points. The spear head shall not exceed 12 inches in width.
D. Underwater Spearfishing

The following fish may not be taken with underwater spearfishing gear: muskellunge, paddlefish, smallmouth bass and sturgeon. All other species are legal. Daily and possession limits for legal fish are the same as listed on page 16.

Underwater spearfishing is legal for residents only from May 1 through November 30 of each fishing year.

Underwater spearfishing is open only in the following waters:

• The Missouri River except that portion from the Garrison Dam downstream to the southern boundary of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Downstream Recreation Area.

• Lake Oahe, Lake Sakakawea (except those areas posted by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers near the intake and spillway structures) and open fishing areas of Lake Audubon.

• Devils Lake and Stump Lake.

• Spiritwood Lake.

Legal underwater spear equipment is a rubber band powered or pneumatic powered spear gun with the spear attached to the gun with a lanyard not to exceed 20 feet. Underwater spears may be discharged only when the operator and equipment are entirely under the surface of the water.

Underwater spearfishing is illegal within 150 feet of any individuals engaged in fishing, designated swimming or water ski areas, boat docks or spillways.

The Diver's Down Flag must be displayed on a float or buoy during any underwater spearfishing. Underwater spearers must stay within 100 feet of the vertical position of their Diver’s Down Flag. Individuals who underwater spearfish between sunset and sunrise must display a lighted Diver’s Down Flag and must carry a hand-held light that is visible from a distance of 150 feet. The handheld light must be displayed when the diver is at the surface.
E. Paddlefish Snagging

Snagging of paddlefish is legal May 1 through May 21 for those with a valid paddlefish tag. Only paddlefish may be taken while snagging; all other species must be returned immediately to the water regardless of condition. The open area includes the Yellowstone River in North Dakota, and the Missouri River west of the U.S. Highway 85 bridge to the Montana border, excluding that portion from the pipeline crossing (river mile 1,577) downstream to the upper end of the Lewis and Clark WMA (river mile 1,565). Paddlefish snagging is legal only from 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. (Central Time) during each day of the paddlefish snagging season. Select days are set aside for harvest and release only.

A paddlefish snagger must obtain and have in their possession a valid paddlefish tag, in addition to a valid fishing license that may be required. Only one tag per snagger will be issued and the tag is not transferable to another individual. Any paddlefish tag that is locked shut prior to attachment, altered or modified shall be voided and will not be replaced.

It is illegal for an individual to use fish snagging equipment in the paddlefish area if that individual does not possess his/her own unused paddlefish tag. Each paddlefish snagger must cast for, hook and reel in (retrieve) his/her own fish. The use of more than one snag hook per line is illegal. Snagging from a boat is illegal. It is illegal to gaff any species other than paddlefish, and paddlefish may only be gaffed on “snag and harvest days.”

The sale, barter, trade or purchase of paddlefish eggs is legal only for one qualified and properly permitted Confluence fish cleaning operation (the permitted paddlefish caviar processing site).

All fish delivered to and/or processed fish transported away from the Confluence fish cleaning operation must be done so by either the individual who snagged the fish or an approved individual working for the permitted Confluence fish cleaning operation. Any fish left at the Confluence fish cleaning operation after 8 p.m. the day
they were caught will be considered abandoned and the snagger is subject to a fine.

All paddlefish snagged and tagged must be removed from the river by 7 p.m. of each snagging day.

Depending on overall harvest, an “in-season” closure may occur, with a 24-hour notice issued by the Game and Fish director. If this occurs, there will be no refunds for unused tags. If there is an early closure, snag-and-release-only will still be allowed for a four-day period immediately following the harvest closure, but not to extend beyond May 21. Notice of an early closure and subsequent days set aside for snag-and-release-only will be announced by the Department. Once a snagger harvests a paddlefish, they can no longer snag for paddlefish at any subsequent time during the current season (including snag-and-release-only and extended snag-and-release-only days).

**HARVEST-ONLY DAYS are Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays**

On these days, all paddlefish caught must be tagged immediately with one’s own tag. Season creel limit is one paddlefish. The release of paddlefish after snagging is illegal. If a fish is cut up, the tag must accompany the dressed fish either by attachment to the bag containing the dressed fish or by placement within the bag. The snagger must keep that portion of the back and dorsal fin (back fin) necessary to maintain the tag sealed to the fish.

**HOW TO TAG A PADDLEFISH**

All harvested paddlefish must be tagged with the snagger’s own tag. The tag should be placed through the skin at the base of the dorsal fin (see picture) and locked so that it cannot fall out.
SNAG-AND-RELEASE-ONLY DAYS are Sundays, Mondays and Thursdays

If snaggers have in possession their own unused and current year’s paddlefish tag, they can snag but must release immediately any and all paddlefish snagged on each Sunday, Monday and Thursday throughout the open season. No harvest of any paddlefish is allowed during these days. There is no limit on the number of fish that can be snagged during the day. The use or possession of a gaff on snag-and-release days is illegal.

EXTENDED SNAG-AND-RELEASE-ONLY DAYS

If the harvest season closes early, snag-and-release will be allowed for up to four days immediately following the harvest closure, but not to extend beyond May 21. If snaggers have in possession their own unused and current year’s paddlefish tag, they can snag but must release immediately any and all paddlefish snagged during the extended season. Snag-and-release will be open only in that area of the Missouri River starting on the north shore from the Confluence boat ramp then east (downstream) one-half mile, and that area of the Missouri River starting on the south shore from the Confluence with the Yellowstone River then east (downstream) one-half mile. No harvest of any paddlefish will be allowed during these days and all snagged fish must be released immediately. There is no limit on the number of fish that can be snagged during the day. The use or possession of a gaff on snag-and-release days is illegal.

8. RED AND BOIS DE SIOUX RIVERS

Individuals fishing the Red River and/or the Bois de Sioux River in a boat or on the ice who possess a valid fishing license from either North Dakota or Minnesota may fish the river(s) between the banks separating North Dakota and Minnesota. Individuals fishing the Red River and/or the Bois de Sioux River on the shoreline must have a valid fishing license from the state in which they are fishing. Those individuals possessing the correct, valid license may transport caught fish by the most convenient and direct route to the state in which they
are licensed. While on the water or ice, anglers must comply with the regulations of the state for which they are licensed. Upon leaving the water, all anglers and boaters are required to comply with aquatic nuisance/invasive species, fish and bait transport regulations of the state they are in. *(NOTE: this includes those who are not required to have a license).*

For anglers fishing the Red and Bois de Sioux rivers (as well as all waters east of ND Highway 1), some daily and length limits differ from statewide regulations (see page 17). Also, due to the presence of zebra mussels, all water must be completely drained from (bait) containers, including bait buckets, upon leaving the Red River. This is in addition to the statewide aquatic nuisance species rules below.

**9. AQUATIC NUISANCE SPECIES RULES AND QUESTIONS/ANSWERS**

Aquatic nuisance species are animals, plants and even diseases that are not native to North Dakota and have the likelihood to become well established if introduced. They can negatively impact fishing, displace native plants and animals, and cause serious economic and ecological damage. North Dakota has adopted a number of rules that affect anglers, boaters and hunters.

These rules are designed to minimize the transport of ANS. They include:

1. All water must be drained from boats and other equipment, including bilges, livewells and motors before leaving a water body or entering the state. This regulation means that harvested fish, legal live baitfish and other aquatic baits may not be transported in a livewell containing water after leaving a water body. Transportation of fish in or on ice is allowed. Potable (drinking) water and a boat’s sewage water are excluded from this regulation.

2. All drain plugs that hold back water must be removed, and all draining devices must be open on all watercraft and recreational bilges and confined spaces, during any out-of-water transport of same.
3. All aquatic vegetation must be removed from boats, personal watercraft, trailers and associated equipment, such as fishing poles/lures, before leaving a body of water or prior to entering the state. That means “vegetation free” when transporting watercraft and equipment, including bait buckets, away from a boat ramp, landing area or shoreline.

4. Live aquatic bait or aquatic vegetation may not be transported into North Dakota. It is in North Dakota’s best interest that anglers, boaters and hunters understand and comply with these important regulations. With the exception of the Red River (see Red River Section 8) or any waters designated as infested with Class 1: Prohibited Aquatic Nuisance Species, water used for in-state transportation of legal live bait is allowed but only in bait buckets (containers) no larger than five gallons.

The following questions and answers are intended to provide additional insight into ANS matters.

**Where do I find out more information about ANS, especially which water bodies are infested and what species are considered ANS?**

All information about ANS is kept current on the Department’s website, gf.nd.gov/ans.

**Can the spread of ANS be stopped?**

If precautions are taken and everyone follows the regulations, the spread can be controlled.

**What happens if I catch an ANS fish species?**

Class III ANS, such as common carp or silver carp, can be kept for consumption if legally harvested. However, they cannot be released alive back into a waterbody after they have been harvested. All other ANS are illegal to possess and should be left where found. If you find something you believe to be an ANS or a new population, report it to the Department through the online reporting form on the Department’s website, or by emailing or calling the Department.
Do I have to run my motor dry before I leave a lake?
No. As you exit a lake, lower the motor to let gravity drain the lower unit, then raise to transport. The intake screen should also be inspected and free of aquatic vegetation.

Can I drain water from my boat anywhere?
No, you must drain the water (pull all plugs, etc.) back into the water from which it originated. This must be done at the access site before you leave.

What if I observe boats, trailers, jet skis, etc., that have weeds hanging from them away from a lake?
The best thing you can do is spread the word on the risk of ANS. If the boat owner/operator is present and willing, ask that they clean the boat and trailer. If the owner/operator is not cooperative call the RAP line.

Do I need to dispose of the weeds in a trash container or can they be left on the ground/parking lot?
Dispose of weeds back into the water from which they originated, to keep parking lots and access areas clean.

Can I cross the state line to purchase live aquatic bait and transport it back into North Dakota?
No. Live aquatic bait, including fathead minnows and leeches, may not be imported into North Dakota.

What else can I do to help prevent the spread of ANS?
The single most important step all anglers and boaters can take to prevent the spread of ANS is to be in full compliance of ANS rules and regulations. In addition, boaters are encouraged to thoroughly wash their watercraft down after each outing with hot water (120-140 degrees Fahrenheit at the point of contact) and pressure washing equipment. Between outings, boaters are also encouraged to thoroughly dry their watercraft, fishing gear, or other equipment.
10. FISHING CONTESTS
No individual or entity may conduct a fishing contest on any public waters without first obtaining a permit issued by the Game and Fish director.

11. COMMERCIAL FISHING
Noncontract type commercial fishing with use of seines, hoop nets and set lines may be allowed by spe-
cial license in certain waters at certain times.
Contact the Department for licensing information and regulations.

12. COMMERCIAL TAKE OF TURTLES CLOSED
Turtles may not be taken commercially in North Dakota due to population concerns.

13. CLAM SEASON CLOSED
The season on clams (freshwater mussels) remains closed in North Dakota due to continued concern over the impacts commercial harvest may have on clam populations.

14. FISH CONSUMPTION ADVISORY
The North Dakota Department of Environmental Quality has issued advisories for the consumption of fish from certain North Dakota lakes and rivers. These fish contain levels of mercury which may be harmful to women of childbearing age and young children if they are eaten too often.
Information listing current consumption advice is available from the North Dakota Department of Environ-
mental Quality website at: https://deq.nd.gov/WQ/Fish-Advisory.aspx, or by calling 701-328-5210.
15. BOAT MOTOR RESTRICTIONS

Please check for signs at access points or call the Game and Fish Department. “Idle speed only” is defined as operating a boat at the slowest possible speed necessary to maintain steerage (i.e., trolling – with no wake).

Electric Motors Only: (Note: Boats may be propelled manually or with an electric motor. No combustion motor may be operated on these waters.) Casselton Reservoir, Davis Dam, Dickinson Dike, Heinrich-Martin Dam, J. Clark Salyer, Kettle Lake, Larimore Dam, Leland Dam, Lightning Lake, McDowell Dam, Mooreton Pond, Rudolph Lake, Sather Dam, Spring Lake Park Ponds and Strawberry Lake (Turtle Mountains).

Idle Speed Only: Arroda Lakes, Arrowwood wildlife refuge, Lake Audubon (north arm), Baukol-Noonan Dam, Baukol-Noonan East Mine Pond, Belfield Pond, Boundary Lake, Brewer Lake, Camels Hump Lake, Carbury Dam, Clausen Springs Lake, Coal Mine Lake, Crown Butte, Dion Lake, Epping-Springbrook Dam, Fish Creek Dam, Fordville Dam, Gravel Lake, Harmon Lake, Harmony Lake, Heart Butte (Lake Tschida) designated areas only, Hooker Lake, Lake Ilo, Indian Creek Dam, Jensen Lake, Jim Lake wildlife refuge, Kota-Ray Dam, Kraft Slough, Long Lake wildlife refuge, McClusky Canal proper, McGregor Dam, Mirror Lake, North Golden Lake, Pelican Lake (Bottineau Co.), Raleigh Reservoir, Sheep Creek Dam, South Carlson Lake, Sweet Briar Dam, and along the Missouri River at the mouths of the Heart River, Lakewood, Marina Bay, Misty Waters and Square Butte Creek.

16. BOATING REGULATIONS

Where signed at Devils Lake, boats used for fishing may not obstruct normal boat traffic underneath bridges.

See page 15 for federal refuge boating closures.

• Any watercraft propelled by motors must have valid registration. Watercraft that is legally registered in a state other than North Dakota, must be registered in North Dakota if the owner has kept the boat in North Dakota for more than 90 days.
• If your address changes, boat ownership changes, boat is destroyed, abandoned, stolen or recovered – you are required to notify the Department within 15 days.

• The certificate of number is not transferable. Anyone purchasing a boat must register the boat in his/her name.

• The Department can issue a new certificate of number to replace one that is lost. The cost is the same as for a new one.

• No person under 12 years of age may operate a motorboat (includes personal watercraft, jetskis, etc.) propelled by a motor of more than 10 horsepower unless the operator is accompanied by a person 18 years of age or older.

• No person 12 through 15 years of age may operate a motorboat or personal watercraft propelled by a motor of more than 10 horsepower unless the operator is accompanied by a person 18 years of age or older, or the operator has taken and passed a Department approved boating course.

• All boats must have a Coast Guard approved life preserver (personal flotation device) for each occupant, and those boats over 16 feet in length must also have a Coast Guard approved throwable life preserver. Boat occupants age 10 and under must wear their life preserver (personal flotation device).

• No person may operate any vessel in a reckless or negligent manner such as:
  - Endangering the life or property of another.
  - Use of excessive speed during periods of reduced visibility or while in close proximity to other vessels.
  - Operating in overloaded condition.
  - Operating within swimming areas designated by markers or by the presence of swimmers.
  - Operating near dams and other hazardous waters.
  - Operating in such a manner as to cause a dangerous or damaging wake.
- Operation in such a manner as to molest or annoy a person lawfully engaged in fishing.

• No person may operate a motorboat (includes personal watercraft) within 100 feet of a person fishing from a shoreline, a swimmer, swimming/diving raft, or an occupied, anchored or nonmotorized vessel, or within 250 feet of a reduced speed or slow or no-wake sign at greater than slow or no-wake speed.

• No person may operate any motorboat or vessel while intoxicated or under the influence of alcohol or any narcotic drug, barbiturate or marijuana.

• No person may operate or permit operation of a personal watercraft (jetskis, etc.) without each person on board wearing a Coast Guard approved life preserver (personal flotation device).

• All boats operating between sunset and sunrise must display legal lights.

• The owner/operator of a vessel is required to file a report in writing whenever an accident results in loss of life or disappearance from a vessel, an injury which requires medical treatment beyond first aid, or property damage is in excess of $2,000 or complete loss of the vessel.

• Reports in death and injury cases must be submitted within 48 hours.

• Reports in other cases must be submitted within five days.

For more information on boating regulations and safety, contact the Game and Fish Department.
17. WHOPPER/CATCH AND RELEASE CLUB REQUIREMENTS

Whopper Club

Only species listed and meeting minimum weight requirements will qualify for a recognition sticker and certificate. Only one application may be made for each species in a lifetime.

An application card must be filled out, giving weight and length of fish, date and where caught, signature of applicant, and signature of person weighing the fish. Applications must be submitted within 90 days of when the fish was caught.

All fish entered must have been harvested by legal methods as described in the North Dakota fishing guide and come from North Dakota waters open to public fishing. Entries must be weighed on a scale used in trade.

Catch and Release Club

Nineteen species of fish qualify for the Catch and Release Club. Entries must meet minimum length requirements and be released unharmed back to the water. Another angler must witness and verify the measurement and release.

Qualifying anglers will receive a recognition sticker and certificate. A maximum of five entries per year per species will be recognized. Applications must be submitted within 90 days of when the fish was caught.
### Whopper and Catch and Release Minimums

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Minimum Whopper Club</th>
<th>Minimum Catch and Release Club</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>GAME FISH</strong></td>
<td><strong>Minimum Whopper Club</strong></td>
<td><strong>Minimum Catch and Release Club</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northern Pike</td>
<td>20 lbs.</td>
<td>32 inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Walleye*</td>
<td>8 lbs.</td>
<td>25 inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saugeye</td>
<td>8 lbs.</td>
<td>25 inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sauger</td>
<td>4 lbs.</td>
<td>20 inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow Perch</td>
<td>1(\frac{3}{4}) lbs.</td>
<td>13 inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bluegill</td>
<td>1(\frac{1}{2}) lbs.</td>
<td>11 inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crappie</td>
<td>1(\frac{1}{2}) lbs.</td>
<td>13 inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Bass</td>
<td>3 lbs.</td>
<td>16 inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>5 lbs.</td>
<td>18 inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smallmouth Bass</td>
<td>3 lbs.</td>
<td>16 inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tiger Muskie</td>
<td>25 lbs.</td>
<td>40 inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Muskellunge (Pure)</td>
<td>25 lbs.</td>
<td>40 inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Channel Catfish</td>
<td>12 lbs.</td>
<td>30 inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burbot (Ling)</td>
<td>8 lbs.</td>
<td>28 inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rainbow Trout</td>
<td>5 lbs.</td>
<td>21 inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brown Trout</td>
<td>5 lbs.</td>
<td>21 inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cutthroat Trout</td>
<td>5 lbs.</td>
<td>21 inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lake Trout</td>
<td>5 lbs.</td>
<td>24 inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chinook Salmon</td>
<td>12 lbs.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paddlefish</td>
<td>70 lbs.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*This includes zander in Spiritwood Lake.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Minimum Whopper Club</th>
<th>Minimum Catch and Release Club</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>NONGAME FISH</strong></td>
<td><strong>Minimum Whopper Club</strong></td>
<td><strong>Minimum Catch and Release Club</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whitefish</td>
<td>4 lbs.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cisco</td>
<td>1(\frac{3}{4}) lbs.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bullhead</td>
<td>2 lbs.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drum</td>
<td>6 lbs.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>15 lbs.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carp</td>
<td>15 lbs.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goldeye</td>
<td>2 lbs.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
18. NORTH DAKOTA STATE RECORD FISH REQUIREMENTS

1. All recognized fish must be harvested by legal methods for recreational fishing and come from North Dakota waters that are open for public fishing.

2. All new state record fish must be weighed on a scale used commercially and subject to certification by the North Dakota Public Service Commission or an equivalent authoritative agency in other states or Canadian provinces. All weights must be rounded to the nearest ounce.

3. The fish must be visually verified by an employee of the North Dakota Game and Fish Department within 90 days of the catch.

4. Angler must thoroughly complete and submit to the Department a Whopper card application or a handwritten or typed note with all similar information.

5. A recognizable photo of the fish must be furnished to the Department.

6. A fin sample may be required and collected for some species for genetic analysis.

First Fish Award

A FIRST FISH certificate is a great way to preserve a memory for a young angler. These colorful awards have space for photos and details of the memorable day. FIRST FISH certificates are available free by calling the Game and Fish Department at 701-328-6300; email ndgf@nd.gov; or write to 100 N. Bismarck Expressway, Bismarck, ND 58501.
# North Dakota Record Fish

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Weight</th>
<th>Where</th>
<th>When</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>GAME FISH</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northern Pike</td>
<td>37 lbs.</td>
<td>Lake Sakakawea</td>
<td>1968</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Walleye</td>
<td>15 lbs.</td>
<td>Wood Lake</td>
<td>1959</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saugeye</td>
<td>12 lbs.</td>
<td>Yellowstone River</td>
<td>2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sauger</td>
<td>8 lbs.</td>
<td>Lake Sakakawea</td>
<td>1971</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow Perch</td>
<td>2 lbs.</td>
<td>Devils Lake</td>
<td>1982</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bluegill</td>
<td>2 lbs.</td>
<td>Strawberry Lake</td>
<td>1963</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crappie</td>
<td>3 lbs.</td>
<td>Lake Oahe</td>
<td>1998</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crappie</td>
<td>3 lbs.</td>
<td>Jamestown Reservoir</td>
<td>2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Bass</td>
<td>4 lbs.</td>
<td>Devils Lake</td>
<td>2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>8 lbs.</td>
<td>Nelson Lake</td>
<td>1983</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smallmouth Bass</td>
<td>6 lbs.</td>
<td>Lake Darling</td>
<td>2007</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tiger Muskie</td>
<td>40 lbs.</td>
<td>Gravel Lake</td>
<td>1975</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Muskellunge</td>
<td>46 lbs.</td>
<td>New Johns Lake</td>
<td>2007</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Channel Catfish</td>
<td>42 lbs.</td>
<td>Moon Lake</td>
<td>2009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burbot (Ling)</td>
<td>18 lbs.</td>
<td>Knife River</td>
<td>1984</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rainbow Trout</td>
<td>21 lbs.</td>
<td>Garrison Tailrace</td>
<td>1998</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brown Trout</td>
<td>31 lbs.</td>
<td>Garrison Tailrace</td>
<td>2005</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cutthroat Trout</td>
<td>10 lbs.</td>
<td>Garrison Tailrace</td>
<td>2003</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lake Trout</td>
<td>16 lbs.</td>
<td>Garrison Tailrace</td>
<td>2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chinook Salmon</td>
<td>31 lbs.</td>
<td>Garrison Tailrace</td>
<td>1986</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paddlefish*</td>
<td>131 lbs.</td>
<td>Upper Missouri River</td>
<td>2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NONGAME FISH</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whitefish</td>
<td>8 lbs.</td>
<td>Garrison Tailrace</td>
<td>1984</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cisco</td>
<td>2 lbs.</td>
<td>Lake Oahe</td>
<td>2015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bullhead</td>
<td>4 lbs.</td>
<td>Devils Lake</td>
<td>1988</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drum</td>
<td>26 lbs.</td>
<td>Lake Sakakawea</td>
<td>1988</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo</td>
<td>54 lbs.</td>
<td>Heart Butte Tailrace</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo**</td>
<td>57 lbs.</td>
<td>Heart Butte Res.</td>
<td>2017</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carp</td>
<td>31 lbs.</td>
<td>Sheyenne River</td>
<td>2003</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carp**</td>
<td>31 lbs.</td>
<td>Etta-Alkaline</td>
<td>2017</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goldeye</td>
<td>4 lbs.</td>
<td>Lake Audubon</td>
<td>2014</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Method of take is by **hook and line fishing** unless marked with * which indicates paddlefish snagging or ** which indicates bow (archery).
19. REPORTING TAGGED FISH

Anglers can help fisheries managers by reporting information from any tagged fish they catch.

Most tagged fish in North Dakota, except salmon, will have either a small metal tag attached near the dorsal fin, or a metal tag on their jaw bone (see right). Tagged salmon have their adipose fin removed and also have a microscopic coded wire tag embedded in their head. If you catch a salmon that’s missing its adipose fin, you can drop off the entire head at Game and Fish offices or at bait shops in Riverdale and Pick City.

Please treat tagged fish like any other fish – you are not required to release the fish (except where a harvest regulation requires you to do so) or to keep the fish. If you release the fish, do not remove the tag, but do record the information from the tag to report it later. Important information to report includes species, length (inches), when and where the fish was caught, and the tag number/color. Anglers who include their name and address will receive a brief history of the fish they caught from the local fisheries biologist.

There are various means to report a tagged fish. Some tags include a phone number that you can call to report a tag. Other options include a tag reporting page on the Department’s website, sending in a tag reporting card, or simply calling any Department office to report the information over the phone.
Sample of Required Tag Reporting Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Kept Fish □</th>
<th>Released Fish □</th>
<th>Released Fish, but Removed Tag □</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species:</td>
<td>Date Caught:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Body/Location:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tag Number/Tag Color:</td>
<td>State:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
20. DEVILS LAKE SYSTEM BOATING ACCESS

Following is a list of all boating access sites in the Devils Lake Basin (Lake Irvine, Devils Lake and Stump Lake) in North Dakota. Corresponding map is shown below. All sites have a boat ramp, courtesy dock and restrooms unless otherwise noted. Depending on run off and lake levels, some ramps may be marginal or become unusable. Please check the North Dakota Game and Fish Department’s website (gf.nd.gov) for updated access information or contact the appropriate managing authority (found in parenthesis at the end of each listing) for boating access status.

1. PELICAN LAKE BAY – 15 miles west of Devils Lake on ND Highway 19. (Paved access road, trash receptacles – North Dakota Game and Fish Department).

2. MINNEWAUKAN DUMP-GROUND – 1.5 miles south of Minnewaukan on old U.S. Highway 281. (Gravel access road, no restrooms – Minnewaukan Community Club).


4. GRAHAMS ISLAND STATE PARK – 10 miles west of Devils Lake on ND Highway 19, then 6 miles south. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, concession, lodging, access fee, RV dump station – North Dakota Parks and Recreation).

5. SCHWAB LANDING – 7 miles west of Devils Lake on ND Highway 19. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, concession, RV dump station – North Dakota Game and Fish Department).

6. CREEL BAY – 3 miles south of Devils Lake on ND Highway 20, then 2 miles west and .25 miles north. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and
primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles – Ramsey County Park Board).

7. HENEGAR LANDING – 1 mile west of Devils Lake on ND Highway 19, then .75 miles south. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, security lights, trash receptacles – Ramsey County Park Board).

8. SPIRIT LAKE CASINO – 6 miles south of Devils Lake on ND Highway 20/57. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, trash receptacles, concession, lodging, boat rental, RV dump station – Spirit Lake Casino).

9. EAST BAY – 3 miles south of Devils Lake on ND Highway 20. (Paved access road, security lights, trash receptacles – North Dakota Game and Fish Department).

10. ESTENSON LANDING – 15 miles south of Devils Lake on ND Highway 20. (Paved access road, no restrooms, trash receptacles – North Dakota Game and Fish Department).

11. BLACK TIGER BAY – 16.5 miles south of Devils Lake on ND Highway 20, then 4 miles north-northeast. (Gravel access road, no restrooms, no courtesy docks, concession – North Dakota Parks and Recreation).

12. TOLNA LANDING (STUMP LAKE) – 3 miles north of Tolna. (Gravel access road, fish cleaning facility, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles – Tolna Community Club).

13. STUMP LAKE PARK – 11 miles south, 1 mile west of Lakota. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, concession, lodging, RV dump station – Nelson County Park Board).
21. MISSOURI RIVER SYSTEM BOATING ACCESS

Following is a list of boating access sites on the Missouri River System in North Dakota. All sites have a boat ramp, courtesy dock and restrooms unless otherwise noted. Check the North Dakota Game and Fish Department's website (gf.nd.gov) for updated access information or contact the appropriate managing authority (found in parenthesis at the end of each listing) for boating access status.

The map on these two pages shows Missouri River System boating access points. Specific information on each access point is provided in the following pages.
1. **SUNDHEIM PARK** – 2 miles west of Cartwright on ND Highway 200, on west side of Yellowstone River and south side of ND Highway 200. (Paved access road, no courtesy docks, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles – Yellowstone Township).

2. **CONFLUENCE AREA** – 1.5 miles south of Buford on ND Highway 1804. (Paved access road, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles – Williams County WRD).

3. **LEWIS AND CLARK BRIDGE** – 4 miles west of Williston on U.S. Highway 2, 3 miles south on U.S. Highway 85, on south side of Missouri River, and east side of U.S. Highway 85. (Paved access road, no courtesy docks, security lights, picnic shelter – Williams County WRD).

4. **LEWIS AND CLARK STATE PARK** – 16 miles east of Williston on ND Highway 1804, then 3 miles south. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, concession, lodging, access fee, RV dump station – North Dakota Parks and Recreation).

5. **WHITETAIL BAY (LUND’S LANDING)** – 22 miles east of Williston on ND Highway 1804. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, developed camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, concession, lodging, boat rental – Williams County WRD).

6. **TOBACCO GARDEN CREEK BAY** – 2 miles east of Watford City on ND Highway 23, then 25 miles north and east on ND Highway 1806. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, concession, lodging, RV dump station – McKenzie County Park Board).

7. **LITTLE BEAVER BAY** – 32 miles northwest of New Town on ND Highway 1804, then 3 miles south. (Gravel access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles – Williams County WRD).

8. **WHITE EARTH BAY** – 28 miles northwest of New Town on ND Highway 1804, then 2 miles south, 1 mile east, 3 miles south, 3 miles east. (Gravel access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, concession, RV dump station – Mountrail County Park Board).
9. SANISH BAY (AFTEM) – 1 mile north, 2 miles west of New Town. (Gravel access road, no restrooms – New Town Park Board/Aftem Development).

10. NEW TOWN MARINA – 2 miles west of New Town on ND Highway 23. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, concession, RV dump station – New Town Marina Association).

11. FOUR BEARS – 4 miles west of New Town on ND Highway 23. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, concession, lodging, RV dump station – Three Affiliated Tribes).

12. POUCH POINT – 7 miles south, 2 miles east, 2 miles south, 1 mile east, 3 miles south of New Town. (Paved access road, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, concession – Three Affiliated Tribes).

13. LITTLEFIELD BAY – 5 miles south, 2 miles east of New Town. (Gravel access road, no restrooms, no courtesy docks – North Dakota Game and Fish Department).

14. VAN HOOK – 5 miles east of New Town on ND Highway 23, then 2 miles south. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, concession, RV dump station – Mountrail County Park Board).

15. PARSHALL BAY – 3 miles west, 1 mile south, 3 miles west, 1 mile south, 2 miles west of Parshall. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, concession, boat rental, RV dump station – Mountrail County Park Board).

16. SKUNK BAY – 14 miles northeast of Mandaree. (Gravel access road, developed and primitive camping, concession, lodging – Three Affiliated Tribes/Roads Maker, Inc.).

17. DEEP WATER CREEK BAY – 14 miles south of Parshall on ND Highway 37, then either 1 mile south to the corps ramp or 2.5 miles west and .5 miles south to the county ramp. (Gravel access road, primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles – U.S. Army Corps of Engineers/McLean County Park Board).

18. HALE MARINA – 18 miles southeast of Mandaree. (Gravel access road, no restrooms, no courtesy docks – Three Affiliated Tribes).

19. MCKENZIE BAY – 22 miles southeast of Mandaree. (Gravel access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, concession, lodging, RV dump station – Watford City Park Board).

20. LITTLE MISSOURI BAY – 16 miles northeast of Dunn Center. (Gravel access road, security lights – Dunn County Park Board).

21. CHARGING EAGLE BAY – 12 miles north of Halliday on ND Highway 8, then 10 miles west on BIA No. 22. (Gravel access road, no restrooms, fish cleaning facility, primitive camping, trash receptacles – Three Affiliated Tribes).
22. INDIAN HILLS RESORT – 11 miles west of White Shield on ND Highway 1804, then 3 miles south. (Gravel access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, concession, lodging, boat rental, RV dump station – North Dakota Parks and Recreation/Three Affiliated Tribes).

23. BEAVER CREEK BAY – 12 miles north of Zap. (Paved access road, primitive camping, picnic shelter, trash receptacles – Zap City Park Board).

24. DAKOTA WATERS RESORT – 15 miles north of Beulah. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, concession, lodging, boat rental, RV dump station – Dakota Waters Resort).

25. BEULAH BAY – 17 miles north of Beulah. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, lodging, RV dump station – Beulah City Park Board).

26. DOUGLAS CREEK BAY – 5 miles south, 4 miles east of Emmet to corps ramp or 2 miles south, 1 mile east, 1 mile south of Emmet to county ramp. (Gravel access road, primitive camping, trash receptacles – U.S. Army Corps of Engineers/McLean County Park Board).

27. CAMP OF THE CROSS – 4 miles west, 1.5 miles south, 1 mile west, 1 mile south, 1 mile west, .5 miles south of Garrison. (Gravel access road, no restrooms – Camp of the Cross).

28. HAZEN BAY – 14 miles north of Hazen. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, concession, lodging, RV dump station – Hazen City Park Board).

29. LAKE SAKAKAWEA STATE PARK – Just east and north of Pick City. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, concession, lodging, boat rental, access fee, RV dump station – North Dakota Parks and Recreation).

30. GARRISON CREEK – 2 miles west of Garrison on ND Highway 37, 3 miles south, 1 mile east. (Gravel access road, no restrooms – Garrison Cabin Association).

31. FORT STEVENSON STATE PARK – 3 miles south of Garrison. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, concession, lodging, boat rental, access fee, RV dump station – North Dakota Parks and Recreation).

32. STEINKE BAY – 3 miles west of the junction of ND Highway 37 and U.S. Highway 83, then 2 miles south. (Gravel access road, primitive camping – North Dakota Game and Fish Department).

33. SPORTSMENS CENTENNIAL PARK – 1 mile west of the junction of ND Highway 37 and U.S. Highway 83, then 2 miles south, 1 mile west. (Gravel access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, concession – McLean County Park Board).
34. WEST TOTTEN TRAIL – 7 miles north of Coleharbor on U.S. Highway 83, then .5 miles west, or 2 miles south of the junction of U.S. Highway 83 and ND Highway 37, then .5 miles west. (Gravel access road – McLean County Park Board).

35. WOLF CREEK – 1 mile east of Riverdale on ND Highway 200, then 2 miles north, 1 mile east, 1 mile north, .5 miles east. (Gravel access road, fish cleaning facility, primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, RV dump station – U.S. Army Corps of Engineers).

36. GOVERNMENT BAY – Just north of Riverdale. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, trash receptacles – U.S. Army Corps of Engineers).

37. GARRISON DAM TAILRACE – Directly below Garrison Dam. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, developed camping, security lights, trash receptacles – U.S. Army Corps of Engineers).

38. UPA SITE (STANTON) – Just west of UPA Power Plant on ND Highway 200A near Stanton. (Paved access road, security lights, trash receptacles – City of Stanton).

39. WASHBURN – On east side of the Missouri River near Washburn, north of ND Highway 200A bridge. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, primitive camping, security lights, trash receptacles, RV dump station – Washburn City Park Board).

40. SANGER (CROSS RANCH) – Just east of Sanger townsite on west side of Missouri River. (Gravel access road, primitive camping, picnic shelter, trash receptacles – North Dakota Parks and Recreation).

41. STECKEL BOAT LANDING (WILTON) – 22 miles north of Bismarck on ND Highway 1804, or 5.5 miles west, 1 mile south, and 1.5 miles west of junction of U.S. Highway 83 and ND Highway 36. (Paved access road, primitive camping, picnic shelter, trash receptacles – Burleigh County Park Board).

42. HOGE LANDING – On east side of the Missouri River near Bismarck, 6.4 miles north of I-94 bridge on River Road, then .7 miles west and 1.5 miles south/southwest. (Gravel access road, no courtesy docks, picnic shelter, trash receptacles – Bismarck Parks and Recreation).

43. KNIEFEL LANDING – On east side of the Missouri River near Bismarck, 3 miles north of I-94 bridge on River Road, then 1 mile west. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, concession – Burleigh County Park Board).

44. GRANT MARSH BRIDGE – On east side of the Missouri River near Bismarck, south side of the I-94 bridge on River Road. (Paved access road, security lights, trash receptacles – Bismarck Parks and Recreation).

45. FOX ISLAND PARK – From Washington Street, .75 miles west on Riverwood Drive (1 block south of Expressway), 1.5 miles south and .5 miles west. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, security lights, trash receptacles – Bismarck Parks and Recreation).
46. LITTLE HEART BOTTOMS (SCHMIDT) – 11 miles south of Mandan on ND Highway 1806, then 1 mile north. (Paved access road, trash receptacles – Morton County Park Board).

47. KIMBALL BOTTOMS (DESERT) – 8 miles south of Bismarck on ND Highway 1804, then 2 miles south. (Paved access road, primitive camping, picnic shelter, trash receptacles – Burleigh County Park Board).

48. GRANER BOTTOMS (SUGAR LOAF) – 19 miles south of Mandan on ND Highway 1806, then 1 mile east, or about 3 miles north of Huff. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, RV dump station – Morton County Park Board).

49. MACLEAN BOTTOMS (GUN RANGE) – 14 miles south of Bismarck on ND Highway 1804, then 2 miles south. (Paved access road, picnic shelter, trash receptacles – Burleigh County Park Board).

50. HAZELTON – 31 miles southeast of Bismarck on ND Highway 1804 or 13 miles west and 2 miles north of Hazelton. Campground located just south of boat ramp. (Paved access road, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles – U.S. Army Corps of Engineers).

51. FORT RICE – 28 miles south of Mandan on ND Highway 1806, then .5 miles east. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles – Morton County Park Board).

52. PRAIRIE KNIGHTS MARINA – 10 miles south of the Cannonball River on ND Highway 1806, then 3.5 miles east. (Gravel access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, lodging, RV dump station – Prairie Knights Casino).

53. BEAVER BAY – 13 miles west of Linton on ND Highway 13, then 2 miles south on ND Highway 1804. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, developed and primitive camping, security lights, picnic shelter, trash receptacles, concession, RV dump station – U.S. Army Corps of Engineers).

54. JENNERVILLE (RIVERY) – 13 miles west of Linton on ND Highway 13, then 6.5 miles south on ND Highway 1804, and 3.5 miles west at Rivery turnoff. (Gravel access road, no restrooms, no courtesy docks – U.S. Army Corps of Engineers).

55. CATTAIL BAY (WINONA) – 10 miles west of Strasburg, 1 mile south, 7 miles west, then 1 mile north on ND Highway 1804, 2 miles west, 2 miles south, 1 mile west. (Gravel access road, primitive camping, trash receptacles, concession – U.S. Army Corps of Engineers).


57. LANGEIERS BAY – 10 miles west of Strasburg, 1 mile south, 7 miles west, then 11 miles south on ND Highway 1804, and .75 miles west. (Paved access road, fish cleaning facility, primitive camping, security lights, trash receptacles – Emmons County Park Board).
22. NORTH DAKOTA FISHING WATERS
(not including Devils Lake and the Missouri River System)

The following includes most of the public fishing waters in North Dakota, listed alphabetically by county. If unsure of the location of a county, refer to the map on pages 50-51. Each lake listed includes travel directions, most common species present, and fishing piers (listed if present). Most North Dakota public fishing waters have a boat ramp (concrete and/or metal). If a boat ramp is lacking at a specific water body, it is listed as “no ramp.” For the most complete list see http://gf.nd.gov/fishing/where-to-fish.

Rivers and Lakes

Bois De Sioux River – Southeast corner of state in Richland County (pike, walleye, catfish – no ramp).
Cannonball River – In Slope, Hettinger, Grant and Sioux counties (pike, walleye, catfish – no ramp).
Heart River – In Stark, Grant and Morton counties (pike, walleye, catfish – no ramp).
James River – Southeastern part of state (pike, walleye).
Knife River – In Dunn and Mercer counties (pike, walleye, catfish – no ramp).
Little Missouri River – Southwestern part of state (sauger, catfish – no ramp).

McClusky Canal – Central part of state in McLean, Burleigh and Sheridan counties (walleye, smallmouth bass, perch – no ramp).


Sheyenne River – Southeastern part of state (catfish, smallmouth bass, walleye – fishing pier).

Souris River (Mouse River) – North central part of state (pike, walleye, perch – fishing pier).

Turtle River – In Grand Forks County (pike, catfish, trout – no ramp).

Wild Rice River – Southeastern part of state (pike, walleye, catfish – no ramp).

**Adams**

Mirror Lake – South side of Hettinger (pike, catfish – fishing pier).

North Lemmon – 5 miles north of Lemmon, South Dakota (trout, bluegill, largemouth bass – fishing pier).
Barnes
Blumers Pond – 1 mile south of Valley City (trout, perch, bluegill – no ramp).
Clausen Springs – 3 miles north, 1 mile east, .5 miles north of the junction of ND highways 46 and 1 (perch, largemouth bass, bluegill – fishing pier).
Clauson Lake – 4 miles west, .5 miles south, .5 miles east of Nome (perch – no ramp).
Eckelson Lake North – 3 miles north, .5 miles east, 1 mile north, .5 miles east of Eckelson (perch – no ramp).
Eckelson Lake South – 4 miles south, 1.5 miles east of Eckelson (pike, perch – no ramp).
Fox Lake – 1 mile north, .75 miles west of Eckelson (walleye, perch).
Hatchery Kids Pond – 2 miles northwest of Valley City (trout – no ramp).
Hobart Lake North – 3.5 miles northwest of I-94 Exit 288 (perch – no ramp).
Hobart Lake South – 1.4 miles south, 3.4 miles west of I-94 Exit 288 (perch – no ramp).
Island Lake – 3 miles south, .5 miles east of Urbana (walleye, perch – no ramp).
Kee Lake – 7 miles south, 2 miles east of Eckelson (perch, walleye, pike – no ramp).
Koebernick Pond – 1 mile north, 4 miles west, 1 mile north of Rogers (perch – no ramp).
Lake Ashtabula – 10 miles north of Valley City (walleye, pike, smallmouth bass – fishing pier).
Meadow Lake – 6 miles west, 6 miles north of Litchville (perch, walleye – no ramp).
Middle Eckelson – 2 miles east of Eckelson (pike, perch – no ramp).
Moon Lake – 2 miles west, 5.5 miles south, 4 miles west, 2 miles north of Valley City (perch, walleye, trout).
Mosher WPA – 2.5 miles north, 4.5 miles east of Dazey (walleye – no ramp).
Olson WPA – 1.5 miles north of I-94 Exit 283 (perch – no ramp).
Sanborn Lake – 2 miles east, 1 mile north, .5 miles east of Sanborn (pike, perch – no ramp).
Sanborn WPA – 1 mile east of Sanborn (pike – no ramp).
St. Mary’s Lake – 2 miles west, 5.5 miles south, 4 miles west, 1 mile north of Valley City (walleye, perch – no ramp).
Sweetwater Lake – 4 miles south, 1 mile east of Sanborn (crappie, perch, walleye – no ramp).

Benson
Fort Totten Dam – .5 miles east of Fort Totten (trout – no ramp).
Gravel Pit Lake – 4.5 miles west of Fort Totten (black crappie – no ramp).
Mission Lake – 5 miles south, 1.5 miles east, 2 miles south of Devils Lake (walleye, perch, pike – no ramp).
Silver Lake – 4 miles west, 4.7 miles south, 2 miles east of Churchs Ferry (pike, perch, walleye – no ramp).

Wood Lake – 2 miles west, 1 mile south of Tokio (pike, walleye, perch).

**Bottineau**

**Boundary Lake** – 9 miles north, 11 miles east, 2.5 miles north of Bottineau (perch – no ramp).

**Carbury Dam** – 1 mile south, 1 mile west of Carbury (pike, perch – fishing pier).

**Lake Metigoshe** – 9 miles north, 4 miles east, 1 mile north of Bottineau (bluegill, pike, walleye – fishing pier).

**Long Lake** – 8 miles north, 7 miles east, 1 mile south, 1 mile east, .5 miles south, .3 miles east of Bottineau (pike, walleye, perch).

**Loon Lake** – 9 miles north, 4 miles east, 2 miles south, 2 miles east, .5 miles north of Bottineau (perch – no ramp).

**Pelican Lake** – 9 miles north, 8 miles east, .5 miles southwest of Bottineau (pike, perch).

**Strawberry Lake** – 4 miles north, 2.5 miles east, .5 miles south of Carbury (trout – fishing pier).

**Thompson Lake** – 9 miles north, 4 miles east, 2 miles south, 1 mile east, 1 mile south of Bottineau (perch – no ramp).

**Bowman**

**Bowman-Haley Dam** – 11 miles south, 8 miles east, 2 miles south of Bowman (walleye, perch, smallmouth bass – fishing pier).

**Gascoyne Lake** – 1.5 miles northwest of Gascoyne (pike).

**Kalina Dam** – 2 miles west, 1 mile south, 1 mile west, 1 mile south of Bowman (pike, perch, bluegill – no ramp).

**Lutz Dam** – 2.5 miles south, 2 miles west, .75 miles north of Griffin (trout, bluegill, largemouth bass – no ramp).

**Spring Lake** – 1 mile south, 4 miles west of Rhame (perch, pike).

**Burke**

**Northgate Dam** – 6 miles north, 1 mile west, 2 miles north, .5 miles west of Bowbells (walleye, bluegill, trout – fishing pier).


**Short Creek Dam** – 5.5 miles north of Columbus (walleye, pike, perch – fishing pier).

**Smishek Lake** – 4 miles northwest of Powers Lake (pike, perch, walleye – fishing pier).

**Burleigh**

**Apple Creek** – South central part of state (pike, walleye, crappie – no ramp).

**Cottonwood Park Pond** – On west side of Cottonwood soccer complex in south Bismarck (pike – no ramp).
Crimmins WPA – 3 miles west, 11 miles north, .5 miles west of Wing (perch, walleye – no ramp).
Lake Harriet (Arena Lake) – 8 miles west, 1 mile south of Tuttle (pike, perch – no ramp).
Long Lake – 1 mile south, 2.5 miles east of Moffit (pike, perch – no ramp).
McDowell Dam – 4 miles east, 1 mile north of Bismarck on ND Highway 10 (trout, bluegill, largemouth bass – fishing pier).
New Johns Lake – 11.8 miles south, 3 miles east of Mercer (walleye, perch, smallmouth bass – fishing pier).
OWLS Pond – Just west of Bismarck Game and Fish office (trout, perch, bluegill – no ramp).
Wilton City Pond – South side of Wilton (trout – no ramp).

Cass
Brewer Lake – 1 mile south, 1 mile west of Erie (bluegill, largemouth bass, crappie – fishing pier).
Brooks Harbor – .5 miles south, .5 miles west of I-94 Exit 346 (trout, perch – no ramp).
Casselton Pond – Southeast corner of Casselton (trout – no ramp).
Casselton Reservoir – Just west of Casselton (pike, perch, bluegill – fishing pier).
Lindemann Lake – 2 miles north, 1 mile east, .5 miles north of Enderlin (perch, walleye – no ramp).
South Woodhaven Pond – 2.8 miles south, .25 miles east of I-94 Exit 348 (perch – no ramp).

Cavalier
Langdon City Pond – South side of Langdon (trout – fishing pier).
Mount Carmel Dam – 9 miles north, 2 miles east, 2 miles north of Langdon (pike, walleye, perch – fishing pier).

Dickey
Heinrich Lake – 17.5 miles east, 1 mile south of Ashley (perch – no ramp).
Hofer Lake – 7 miles east, 1.75 miles north of Ellendale (pike – no ramp).
Moores Lake – 18.5 miles west, 1 mile north of Ellendale (pike – no ramp).
Pheasant Lake – 6 miles west of Ellendale (bluegill, walleye, perch – fishing pier).
Shimmons Lake – 20.5 miles west, 1 mile south of Ellendale (pike – no ramp).
TAD Lake – 8 miles west of Oakes (walleye, perch – no ramp).
Wilson Dam – 7.5 miles west of Monango (pike, perch, bluegill – fishing pier).
Divide
Baukol-Noonan Dam – 2 miles east, .5 miles south of Noonan (trout, bluegill, largemouth bass – fishing pier).
Baukol-Noonan East Mine Pond – 2 miles east, .5 miles south of Noonan (trout, bluegill, perch).
Magnuson’s Slough – 12 miles north of Alamo on County Road 11 (perch – no ramp).
Skjermo Lake – 3 miles west, 4 miles northwest of Fortuna (pike, perch, bluegill – fishing pier).

Dunn
BarZ Dam – 8 miles north, 3 miles west, 2 miles north, 3 miles northwest of Killdeer (bluegill – no ramp).
Big Flat Slough – 4 miles north, 3.5 miles west, .5 miles north of Marshall (perch – no ramp).
Lake Ilo – 1 mile west, 1 mile south of Dunn Center (pike, perch – fishing pier).

Eddy
Adams Lake – 10 miles south of Warwick (perch – no ramp).
Battle Lake – .5 miles south, 1.5 miles west, 1.5 miles south of Hamar (pike, perch – no ramp).
Lake Coe – 10 miles south of Warwick on east side of Eddy County Road 8 (perch, walleye).
North Lake Washington – 8.5 miles south, 1 mile east, 1 mile north of Warwick (walleye, perch – no ramp).
Warsing Dam – 1 mile northeast of Sheyenne (pike, walleye, perch – fishing pier).

Emmons
Baumgartner Lake – 6 miles south of Linton (pike, perch – no ramp).
Braddock Dam – 2 miles southwest of Braddock (pike, bluegill, perch).
Goose Lake – 3 miles east of Braddock (perch, pike – no ramp).
Jake’s Lake – 13 miles south, 1 mile east of Strasburg (pike – no ramp).
Rice Lake – 8 miles south of Strasburg (pike, perch, walleye).
Senger Lake – 1 mile north, 6 miles east of Strasburg (perch – no ramp).

Foster
Dry Lake – 7 miles east, 5 miles south, 2 miles east of Carrington (pike, walleye, perch – no ramp).
Juanita Lake – 2 miles east of Grace City (pike, perch – fishing pier).
Golden Valley

**Beach City Pond** – Southwest side of Beach (trout – no ramp).

**Camels Hump Lake** – Northeast of Sentinel Butte I-94 Exit 10 (trout, bluegill, largemouth bass).

**Odland Dam** – 7 miles north of Beach (perch, bluegill, walleye – fishing pier).

**Williams Creek Dam** – 7 miles south, 5 miles east, 2 miles south of Golva (bluegill, largemouth bass – no ramp).

Grand Forks

**English Coulee Pond** – 5 miles south, 3 miles east, 1 mile south, .5 miles east of Emerado (bluegill, largemouth bass, pike – no ramp).

**Fordville Dam** – 5 miles west, 1 mile north, .5 miles west, .5 miles north of Inkster (pike, walleye, perch – fishing pier).

**Kolding Dam** – 5 miles southeast, 1 mile south of Niagara on U.S. Highway 2 (pike).

**Larimore Dam** – 2 miles northeast of Larimore (pike, perch, bluegill – fishing pier).

**Niagara Dam** – North of Niagara (pike).

**Ryan Park Pond** – South side of Grand Forks (trout, bluegill – no ramp).

Grant

**Heart Butte Reservoir** – 15 miles south of Glen Ullin (walleye, perch, white bass – fishing pier).

**Raleigh Reservoir** – 3.5 miles west, .25 miles south of Raleigh (perch, bluegill, walleye – fishing pier).

**Sheep Creek Dam** – 4 miles south, .5 miles west of Elgin (bluegill, largemouth bass, trout – fishing pier).

Griggs

**Carlson-Tande Dam** – 1 mile south, 5 miles west of Aneta (pike, perch, bluegill).

**Lake Addie** – 4 miles east, 1 mile south, 1 mile west of Binford (perch, walleye).

**Lake Jessie** – 4 miles east, 1 mile south, 1 mile west of Binford (perch, pike – no ramp).

**Red Willow Lake** – 6 miles north, 2 miles west of Binford (pike, walleye, bluegill – fishing pier).

**Sibley Lake** – 1 mile west, 3 miles south of Binford (pike, perch – no ramp).

Hettinger

**Blickensderfer Dam** – 4 miles south, 1 mile east, .5 miles south of Mott (walleye, perch, bluegill – no ramp).

**Castle Rock Dam** – 2 miles west, 1.5 miles south, 1.5 miles west of Mott (trout).

**Indian Creek Dam** – 1.5 miles west, 2 miles south, 2 miles west, 3 miles south of Regent (walleye, bluegill, perch – fishing pier).
Larson Lake – .5 miles north and 2 miles east of Regent (pike, perch).

Mott Watershed Dam – North side of Mott (bluegill, largemouth bass, trout – fishing pier).

Kidder

Alkaline Lake – 15 miles south, 7 miles east, 1.4 miles southeast of Dawson (pike, walleye, perch).

Cherry Lake – 15 miles north, 3 miles east of Steele (pike, perch).

Deer Lake – 8 miles east of Robinson (perch – no ramp).

Des Moines Lake – 5.5 miles east of Robinson (pike – no ramp).

Etta-Alkaline Complex – 1 mile south, 2.5 miles west, 3 miles south of Dawson (pike – no ramp).

Fresh Lake – 15 miles south, 7 miles east, 1 mile south of Dawson (pike, perch, walleye – no ramp).

Frettim Lake – 2 miles east, 1 mile north of Robinson (pike, walleye, perch).

Geier Lake – 12 miles east, 9.5 miles north of Robinson (walleye, perch – no ramp).

Helen Lake – 2.5 miles west, 6 miles north of Tuttle (pike, perch – no ramp).

Horsehead Lake – 2 miles west, 8 miles south, .25 miles east of Robinson (pike – no ramp).

Jasper Lake – 7 miles north, .5 miles east of Robinson (perch, walleye).

Koenig North – 12.25 miles north, 1.5 miles east of Robinson (perch – no ramp).

Koenig South – 12.25 miles north, 1.5 miles east of Robinson (perch – no ramp).

Lake Geneva – 2 miles south, .5 miles east of I-94 Exit 195 (perch, walleye – no ramp).

Lake Isabel – 2 miles south, .5 miles east, .75 miles south of Dawson (pike, perch).

Lake Josephine – 2 miles north of Tuttle (pike, walleye, perch – fishing pier).

Lake No. 5 – 3.5 miles west, 7.5 miles north, 1.5 miles east, 1 mile south of Dawson (perch, pike – no ramp).

Lake Williams – Just south of the town of Lake Williams (pike, walleye, smallmouth bass).

Leno Lake – 1 mile east, 7 miles north of Tuttle (pike – no ramp).

Long Alkaline Lake – 3 miles west, 7 miles north of Robinson (perch, pike – no ramp).

McPhail WMA – 7 miles north, 2 miles west of Tappen (perch, walleye – no ramp).

Neustel Lake – 2 miles north of Robinson (perch – no ramp).

North Des Moines Lake – 5.5 miles east of Robinson (pike – no ramp).

Pelican Lake – 3 miles east, 11 miles north, 1 mile east of Robinson (perch – no ramp).
Plowe Lake – 6 miles east, 5 miles north, 1 mile east of Robinson (perch, pike, walleye – no ramp).
Rafferty Lake – 12 miles east, 9.8 miles north of Robinson (walleye – no ramp).
Ranch Lake – 1 mile west of Pettibone (perch, pike – no ramp).
Remmick Lake – 3 miles east, 6 miles north of Robinson (walleye, perch – no ramp).
Round Lake – 1 mile north, 1.5 miles east of Pettibone (pike, walleye, perch – no ramp).
Seil Lake – 6 miles east, 10 miles north, 4.25 miles east of Robinson (perch – no ramp).
Sibley Lake – 7 miles north, 2 miles east, 1 mile south of Dawson (walleye, perch).
Swan Lake – 10.5 miles north of Robinson (perch – no ramp).
Trautmann Lake – 1 mile west, 2 miles north, 1 mile west, 1 mile north of Robinson (perch, walleye – no ramp).
Willow Lake – 9 miles north, 3 miles west of Robinson (perch – no ramp).
Woodhouse Lake – 12 miles north, 12 miles east of Wing (perch, walleye – no ramp).

LaMoure
Alfred Lake – 7 miles east, 1.5 miles south of Gackle (pike – no ramp).
Boom Lake (Marion Lake) – .5 miles west of Marion (pike, walleye, perch).
Cottonwood Lake – 5 miles west, 5 miles south, 1 mile west of LaMoure (pike – no ramp).
Diamond Lake – 5 miles north of Kulm (walleye, perch, pike).
East Kalmbach Lake – .5 miles south, 4.5 miles west, .5 miles south of Jud (pike – no ramp).
Flood Lake – 3.5 miles north of Kulm (pike, perch).
Heinrich-Martin Dam – .75 miles east, .5 miles south of Adrian (bluegill, largemouth bass, crappie).
Kalmbach Lake – .5 miles south, 4.5 miles west, .5 miles south of Jud (pike).
Kulm-Edgeley Dam – 4 miles west, 2 miles south of Edgeley (pike, walleye, perch).
Lake LaMoure – 1 mile south, 1 mile east, 2.5 miles south, 1 mile west, .5 miles south of LaMoure (pike, walleye, crappie – fishing pier).
Limesand-Seefeldt Dam – 8 miles south, 3 miles west of Marion (pike, bluegill, crappie).
Schlecht-Thom Dam – 5 miles west, .5 miles north of Edgeley (perch, bluegill, pike).
Schlenker Dam (Lehr Dam) – 11 miles west, .5 miles south of the junction of U.S. Highway 281 and ND Highway 46 (pike, perch, bluegill).
Twin Lakes – 4 miles north of LaMoure (perch, walleye, pike).
Logan
Arnies Lake – 1.5 miles south of Gackle, 2 miles east, 1 mile south (perch, pike, walleye – no ramp).
Beaver Lake – 8 miles south, 8 miles east of Napoleon (pike, perch).
Braun Lake – 18 miles south, 1 mile east of Steele (perch, walleye – no ramp).
Buchholz WPA – 4 miles east, .75 miles north of Lehr (perch – no ramp).
Dewald Lake – 8 miles north, 2 miles east, 1 mile north, 1 mile east of Lehr (perch – no ramp).
Doyles Lake – 2.5 miles north, 2 miles east, 4 miles north, 1 mile east, .5 miles north of Wishek (perch – no ramp).
Erickson Lake – 8.5 miles north, 3 miles west, 1 mile north, 1.5 miles west, .5 miles south of Kulm (perch – no ramp).
Hauff Lake – 7 miles north of Lehr (perch – no ramp).
Kautz Lake – 5 miles north, 6 miles west of Lehr (perch – no ramp).
Kleingartner Lake – 10 miles south, 5 miles west of Gackle (perch, pike – no ramp).
Lepp Lake – 1 mile east, 1 mile north of Lehr (perch, pike – no ramp).
Logan (Mueller) WMA – 8 miles north, 5 miles west, .5 miles south of Lehr (perch, walleye – no ramp).
Logan Lake – 1 mile west of Gackle (perch, walleye – no ramp).
Marvin Miller Lake – 6.5 miles south, 8 miles west, .5 miles north of Gackle (perch, walleye).
Mundt Lake – 3 miles east, 4 miles north, 1 mile east, .5 miles south of Lehr (walleye, perch, smallmouth bass – fishing pier).
North Napoleon Lake – 4.5 miles west, 1 mile north, 1 mile east of Napoleon (perch, pike – no ramp).
Ost Lake – 7 miles east, 1 mile north, 1 mile west, .5 miles north of Lehr (perch – no ramp).
Railroad Lake – 5.5 miles east of Lehr (perch, walleye – no ramp).
Ruff Lake – 5 miles north, 3 miles west, 1 mile north, .5 miles east of Lehr (perch – no ramp).
Thurn Lake – 5 miles north of Lehr, .5 miles east (perch, walleye – no ramp).
Wentz WPA – 12 miles east of Napoleon (perch, walleye – no ramp).
West Lake Napoleon – 1 mile west of Napoleon (pike, perch – fishing pier).
Wetzel Lake – 11 miles west, 1 mile south of Gackle (perch, pike – no ramp).

McHenry
Bentley Lake – 3 miles west of Drake (pike, perch – no ramp).
Buffalo Lodge Lake – 2 miles east, 3 miles north, 2 miles east of Granville (pike, walleye, perch – fishing pier).
Cottonwood Lake – 2.5 miles north of Butte (pike, perch, wall-eye – fishing pier).

George Lake – 13 miles north, 1 mile east, 1.3 miles north, .5 miles east of the junction of U.S. Highway 52 and ND Highway 14 (pike, perch – fishing pier).

Round Lake – 6 miles north, 3.7 miles east, 1 mile north of Drake (perch, walleye, pike – no ramp).

McIntosh

Becker-Schlepp Lake – 3 miles north, 1 mile east, 1 mile north, .5 miles east of Ashley (perch – no ramp).

Berlin Lake – 9.5 miles east, 7 miles north, 2 miles east, 2 miles north of Ashley (perch – no ramp).

Blumhardt Dam – 9.5 miles east, 7 miles north, 1.5 miles east of Ashley (trout).

Clear Lake – 6 miles east, 2 miles south of Wishek (pike – no ramp).

Coldwater Lake – 15.5 miles east, 1 mile south, 1 mile west of Ashley (pike, walleye, perch – fishing pier).

Dollinger-Schnabel Lake – 2 miles north, 5 miles west, 3 miles north of Venturia (perch – no ramp).

Dorffman Lake – 5 miles north, 2 miles west of Ashley (pike, perch, walleye – no ramp).

Dry Lake – 5 miles west, 4 miles north, 2 miles east, .5 miles south of Ashley (pike, walleye, perch).

Green Lake – 2 miles east, 4 miles south, 1 mile east of Wishek (walleye, pike, perch – fishing pier).

Harr Lake – 10 miles east, 12 miles north of Ashley (perch, walleye – no ramp).

Homestead Lake – 8 miles south, 8 miles east, 2 miles north of Wishek (pike, perch – no ramp).

Kislingbury Lake – .5 miles east, 1.5 miles north of Ashley (perch, walleye – no ramp).

Lake Hoskins – 3 miles west of Ashley (pike, walleye, perch – fishing pier).

Lehr WMA – 2 miles east, 1 mile south of Lehr (walleye, perch).

McIntosh WMA – 10 miles east, 9 miles north of Ashley (perch – no ramp).

Miller Lake – 7.5 miles east, 2.5 miles south of Lehr (pike, perch – no ramp).

Mudd Lake – 1 mile west of Lehr (perch, pike – no ramp).

Nagel Lake (Koepplin WPA) – 1 mile east, 1 mile south, 1 mile east of Lehr (perch, walleye – no ramp).

Pfeifle Lake – 10 miles south, 2 miles east of Wishek (pike – no ramp).

Pintail Lake – 5 miles east of Ashley (perch – no ramp).

Pudwill Lake – 9 miles south, 4 miles west, 1 mile north, .5 miles west of Lehr (pike – no ramp).

Rueb-Eszlinger – 7.5 miles north, 2 miles west of Ashley (perch – no ramp).

Serpent Lake – 13.5 miles east, 2 miles north, 1 mile east of Ashley (perch, pike – no ramp).
McKenzie
Arnegard Dam – .5 miles west, 3 miles north, 1.5 miles southwestern of Arnegard (pike, perch, catfish – fishing pier).
Leland Dam – 11 miles south, 8 miles west, 8 miles south, 2 miles southeast, 1.5 miles east, 1 mile north of Alexander (bluegill, largemouth bass).
Sather Dam – 11 miles south, 8 miles west of Alexander (bluegill, largemouth bass – fishing pier).
Watford City Park Pond – Southeast side of Watford City (trout, catfish – no ramp).

McLean
Brush Lake – 3 miles north of Mercer (pike, perch, walleye – fishing pier).
Camp Lake – 17.5 miles north, 2 miles east of Turtle Lake (pike, perch – no ramp).
Camp Loop Pond – 3 miles southwest of Riverdale on U.S. Army Corps of Engineers’ downstream campground (trout – no ramp).
Coal Lake – 3 miles south, 1.5 miles east, .75 miles north of Underwood (walleye).
Crooked Lake – 10 miles north, .2 miles east, .1 mile south of Turtle Lake (pike, walleye, perch – fishing pier).
Custer Mine – 4 miles east, 2 miles south of Garrison (trout, bluegill).
East Park Lake – 9 miles south of Mercer (walleye, perch, smallmouth bass – fishing pier).
Lake Audubon – North of Coleharbor (walleye, perch, smallmouth bass – fishing pier).
Lake Brekken – 1.5 miles north of Turtle Lake (walleye, perch – fishing pier).
Lake Gertie – 1 mile south of Benedict (pike, perch – no ramp).
Lake Holmes – 1 mile northeast of Turtle Lake (walleye, perch).
Lightning Lake – .5 miles east of Turtle Lake (trout, bluegill – fishing pier).
Long Lake – 13 miles north, 4 miles east, 2 miles north, 1.5 miles west of Turtle Lake (pike, perch).
Painted Woods Creek – 5 miles southeast of Washburn (pike, walleye – no ramp).
Pelican Lake – 7 miles north, 3 miles east, .4 miles north of Mercer (perch, pike – no ramp).
Riverdale City Pond – North side of Riverdale (trout, bluegill, largemouth bass – no ramp).
Schroeder East – 14 miles north, 3.7 miles east of Mercer (perch – no ramp).
Scooby Lake – .5 miles south, 1 mile west, .3 miles south of Benedict (walleye – no ramp).
Strawberry Lake – 17.5 miles north, 2 miles east of Turtle Lake (pike, perch, walleye – fishing pier).
Triangle Y Pond – 4 miles west, 1.5 miles south, 1 mile west, 1 mile south, 1 mile west, .5 miles south of Garrison (perch – no ramp).
Turtle Lake – 4.5 miles west, 1 mile north of Turtle Lake (pike – no ramp).
Weishaar WPA – 8 miles north, 8 miles west, 1 mile north of Turtle Lake (perch – no ramp).
West Park Lake – 9 miles south, 3 miles west of Mercer (walleye, perch, smallmouth bass – no ramp).

Mercer
Beulah Mine Pond – 2 miles north, 2.5 miles east, .5 miles north of Beulah (perch – no ramp).
Harmony Lake – 6 miles north, 1 mile west of Hazen (bluegill, trout, largemouth bass – fishing pier).
Hazen Creek – West end of Hazen (trout – no ramp).

Morton
Crown Butte Dam – 4 miles west on access road on north side of I-94 Exit 147 (largemouth bass, bluegill, trout – fishing pier).
Danzig Dam – 2 miles north, 1.4 miles west, .2 miles north of I-94 Exit 120 (walleye, perch, bluegill).
Fish Creek Dam – 8 miles south, 2 miles east, 1 mile south of I-94 Exit 134 (trout, crappie, largemouth bass – fishing pier).
Gaebe Pond – 1.5 miles west of New Salem (trout, bluegill, perch – no ramp).
Harmon Lake – 8 miles north of Mandan on ND Highway 1806 (trout, largemouth bass, bluegill – fishing pier).
Krieg’s Pond – .5 miles east of Hebron (trout, catfish, perch – no ramp).
Little Heart Pond – 11 miles south of Mandan on ND Highway 1806 (trout – no ramp).
Nygren Dam – 6 miles north, 1 mile east, 3 miles north, .5 miles east of Flasher (trout, bluegill, largemouth bass – fishing pier).
Porsborg Dam – Northwest Mandan (perch, bluegill, trout – no ramp).
Sweet Briar Lake – 18 miles west of Mandan I-94 Exit 134 (walleye, perch, largemouth bass – fishing pier).

Mountrail
Clearwater Lake – 2 miles east, 3.8 miles north, .5 miles east, 3 miles north-northeast, .5 miles east of Stanley (pike, walleye, perch).
Stanley Reservoir – 1 mile south of Stanley (pike).
White Earth Dam – 6 miles north, 8.5 miles east, 2 miles south of Tioga (pike, walleye, perch – fishing pier).

Nelson
Lake Laretta – 2 miles west, 3 miles north of Michigan (pike, perch – no ramp).
McVille Dam – 1 mile east of McVille (pike, walleye, perch – fishing pier).
Silver Creek Dam – 4 miles west, .5 miles south of McVille (pike – no ramp).
Stump Lake – 12 miles south, 1 mile west of Lakota (perch, walleye, pike – fishing pier).
Tolna Dam – 1 mile south, 2 miles east of Tolna (pike, walleye, perch).
Whitman Dam – 1.5 miles north, 3 miles east of Whitman (pike, walleye, perch – fishing pier).

Oliver
East Arroda Dam – 1 mile east of Fort Clark ND Highway 200A (pike, crappie).
Nelson Lake – 5 miles east, 3 miles south of Center (bluegill, crappie, largemouth bass – fishing pier).
Oliver County Sportsmen’s Pond – 4 miles south, .5 miles west of Center (trout – no ramp).
West Arroda Dam – 1 mile east of Fort Clark ND Highway 200A (pike, crappie).

Pembina
Renwick Dam – 6 miles west, 1 mile north of Cavalier (pike, perch, crappie – fishing pier).

Pierce
Antelope Lake – 5 miles east, 6 miles north of Anamoose (walleye, perch – no ramp).
Balta Dam – .5 miles south of Balta (pike, perch).
Buffalo Lake – 4 miles west, 1 mile south of Esmond (pike, perch – fishing pier).
Clear Lake – 6 miles east, .7 miles south of Anamoose (perch, walleye – no ramp).
Davis Lake – 2 miles west, 1.5 miles south of Balta (pike, perch).
Lesmeister Lake – 3 miles south, 3 miles west, 1.3 miles north of the intersection of ND highways 3 and 19 (walleye – no ramp).
Sand Lake – 4 miles north of Pleasant Lake (pike, perch).

Ramsey
Cavanaugh Lake – 9 miles north, 1 mile west, .5 miles north of Devils Lake (pike, perch – no ramp).
Fenster Lake – 3 miles north, 4 miles east of Crary (perch, pike – no ramp).
Irvine-Alice Complex – 4.5 miles north, .5 miles east of Churchs Ferry (pike, walleye, perch – no ramp).
Morrison Lake – 3 miles east, 2 miles south of Webster (pike, perch – no ramp).
Sweetwater Lake – 3 miles east, 7 miles north of Devils Lake (pike, perch – no ramp).
Ransom
Dead Colt Creek – 5 miles south, 1 mile east, .5 miles north, .5 miles east of Lisbon (bluegill, crappie, largemouth bass – fishing pier).
Lone Tree Lake (Englevale) – .5 miles north, 2 miles west of Englevale (perch – no ramp).
Mooringstone Pond – .75 miles west of the city of Fort Ransom (trout – no ramp).

Renville
Lake Darling – 16 miles north, 13 miles west of Minot (pike, walleye, perch – fishing pier).

Richland
Bisek Slough – 2 miles north, .5 miles west of Lidgerwood (pike, perch).
Elm Lake – .5 miles east, 3.5 miles south of Lidgerwood (walleye, pike, crappie – no ramp).
Four Corners Lake – 3.5 miles east, 2 miles south, .5 miles west of Lidgerwood (perch, walleye – no ramp).
Grass Lake – 2 miles west, 1 mile north, 1 mile west, 1 mile north, 1.5 miles west of Lidgerwood (pike, crappie, walleye).
Gullys Slough – 4 miles east, 1 mile south of Lidgerwood (perch, pike, walleye – no ramp).
Haus Lake – 2 miles east, 7 miles south, .25 miles east of Lidgerwood (walleye, perch – no ramp).
Heley Lake – 5 miles north, 1 mile east, .5 miles south of Lidgerwood (pike, perch – no ramp).
Horseshoe Lake – 4 miles west, 1 mile south of Hankinson (pike, walleye, bluegill).
Kreiser Slough – 4 miles north, 3 miles west of Lidgerwood (pike, perch – no ramp).
Lake Elsie – 1 mile south, 1.5 miles west of Hankinson (pike, walleye, crappie – fishing pier).
Lueck Lake – 6 miles east, 2.5 miles south of Lidgerwood (perch, walleye – no ramp).
Mooreton Pond – 2 miles east of Mooreton (trout, bluegill, catfish – fishing pier).
Reiland Lake – 3 miles north, .5 miles east of Lidgerwood (perch – no ramp).
Shriner Lake – 4.5 miles south, .25 miles east of Lidgerwood (perch, pike – no ramp).
Silver Lake – 2 miles north, 2 miles west of Lidgerwood (pike – no ramp).
Vislisel Lake – 1 mile north, 2 miles east, 1 mile north, 1 mile west of Lidgerwood (perch, walleye – no ramp).
Wahl Lake – 1 mile east, 2 miles south of Lidgerwood (pike, perch, walleye – no ramp).
West Moran Lake – 2 miles east, .5 miles south of Lidgerwood (perch, walleye – no ramp).
Rolette
Belcourt Lake – 2 miles north of Belcourt (pike, walleye, perch).
Cain Lake – 2 miles south, 9 miles west, .5 miles north of St. John (pike, perch – no ramp).
Carpenter Lake – 12 miles west of St. John (pike, perch).
Dion Lake – 10 miles west, 2 miles north, 1 mile east of St. John (walleye, perch, pike – fishing pier).
Gordon Lake – 4.5 miles north, 1 mile west, .25 miles northwest of Belcourt (pike, walleye, perch).
Gravel Lake – 6 miles west, .5 miles north of St. John (pike, walleye, perch – fishing pier).
Hooker Lake – 8 miles west of St. John (trout – fishing pier).
Island Lake – 3 miles west, 2 miles south of Mylo (pike, perch).
Jarvis Lake – .75 miles southwest, 6 miles west of St. John (pike, walleye, perch).
Long Lake – 2 miles south, 5.3 miles east of Rolette (pike – no ramp).
School Section Lake – 9 miles north, 2.5 miles east of Dunseith (pike, perch).
Upsilon Lake – 6 miles west, 1 mile north of St. John (pike, walleye, perch – fishing pier).
Wheaton Lake – 4.5 miles north, 2 miles west of Belcourt (walleye, perch).

Sargent
Alkali Lake – 3 miles south of Cayuga (walleye, crappie).
Bergh Slough – 1 mile south, 2.5 miles east of Forman (pike, crappie – no ramp).
Buffalo Lake – 6 miles north, 1 mile east of Rutland (pike, walleye, crappie).
Consolidated Lake – 2 miles south, 3 miles east of Forman (walleye, crappie, pike – no ramp).
Deuce Lake – 1.5 miles south, 1 mile east, .25 miles south of Forman (crappie, pike – no ramp).
Fiala Lake – 1 mile west, 2 miles south of Forman (pike, perch – no ramp).
Kraft Slough – 1 mile south, 9 miles east, 2.5 miles north of Oakes (perch, walleye).
Lake Tewaukon – 5 miles south of Cayuga (pike, walleye, muskie – fishing pier).
Lake Walstead – 4 miles south, 1 mile east, 1 mile north of Forman (perch, pike, walleye – no ramp).
Nelson Lake – 4.5 miles south, .5 miles east of Forman (pike, perch – no ramp).
Ole Breum Lake – 5 miles north, 1 mile east of Rutland (perch, walleye, crappie – no ramp).
Silver Lake – 3 miles west, 2 miles south of Rutland (pike, crappie, walleye – fishing pier).
Sprague Lake – 6 miles west, 4 miles south, 1.5 miles west of Cayuga (pike, walleye, crappie).
Tosse Slough – 7.5 miles south, 1 mile east, 2 miles south, 1 mile east of Geneseo (walleye, pike).
Sheridan
Barreth Lake – 2 miles south, 2 miles east, 2 miles south, .6 miles west of Goodrich (perch – no ramp).
Bender Lake – .5 miles south, 4 miles west, .5 miles south of Martin (perch – no ramp).
Cherry Lake – 7 miles north, 3 miles east, 2 miles north, .3 miles west of Mercer (perch – no ramp).
Coal Mine Lake – 14 miles south, 5 miles east of Anamoose (pike, perch – fishing pier).
Davis WPA – 8 miles south, 1 mile east of Denhoff (perch, walleye – no ramp).
Doctor Lake – 2 miles south of Denhoff (perch – no ramp).
Heckers Lake – 9 miles south, 2.4 miles east of Mercer (walleye, perch, smallmouth bass – no ramp).
Hinsz Lake – 18 miles north, 4.2 miles east of McClusky (perch, walleye – no ramp).
Kaibel Lake – 10.2 miles south of Drake (perch – no ramp).
Lake Richard – 4.5 miles south of Drake (perch, walleye – no ramp).
Miller Lake – 18 miles north, 2 miles east, .2 miles south of McClusky (perch – no ramp).
Mud Lake – 4.5 miles south of Anamoose (perch – no ramp).
North (Hoffer) McClusky – 2 miles north, 1 mile west of McClusky (pike – no ramp).
Sheyenne Lake – 13.5 miles south, 1.5 miles east, .4 miles north of Anamoose (pike, perch – no ramp).
South (Hoffer) McClusky – 2 miles north, 1 mile west of McClusky (pike, walleye, perch – fishing pier).
Stober Lake – 9 miles east, 2 miles north, 2 miles east of McClusky (perch, walleye).
Vollrath Lake – 5.5 miles north, 1 mile east, 1 mile south of Goodrich (perch – no ramp).
Wolf Lake – .5 miles south, 1.8 miles west of Martin (perch, pike – no ramp).

Sioux
Froelich Dam – 9 miles north, 2 miles west of Selfridge (pike, walleye, perch).
Larson Lake – 4 miles north, 1 mile west of Thunderhawk, South Dakota (bluegill, largemouth bass – no ramp).

Slope
Cedar Lake – 13 miles north, 2 miles west of Reeder (pike, perch).
Davis Dam – 16 miles west, 4 miles north of Amidon (trout, bluegill, largemouth bass).

Stark
Belfield Pond – Southwest side of Belfield (trout, perch, catfish – fishing pier).
Dassinger Pond – 8 miles south, 1 mile east, .8 miles north of Exit 72. Walk through the gate 500 yards northwest (bluegill, largemouth bass – no ramp).
Dickinson Dike – Southwest side of Dickinson (trout, bluegill, largemouth bass – fishing pier).
Dickinson Reservoir – 2 miles west of Dickinson (walleye, perch, pike – fishing pier).
Slater Pond – From I-94 Exit 84, .75 miles north, 1 mile east, .5 miles north, .5 miles east (perch – no ramp).

**Steele**

Finley Dam (Lynch Lake) – 1 mile south of Finley (pike, perch – no ramp).
North Golden Lake – 10 miles east, 4 miles north, .5 miles west of Finley (pike, perch, walleye).
South Golden Lake – 10 miles east, 3 miles north, .5 miles west of Finley (pike, walleye, perch – fishing pier).

**Stutsman**

Alkali Lake – 11 miles north, 5 miles east, .5 miles south of Jamestown (pike, perch, walleye – no ramp).
Bader Lake – 4 miles south, 1 mile east of I-94 Exit 228 (walleye, pike).
Barnes Lake – 1 mile east, 6 miles north of Woodworth (walleye, pike).
Big Mallard Marsh – 9 miles north, 2.5 miles east of Woodworth (walleye, pike).
Clark Lake – 1 mile west, 3 miles north, 4 miles west of Woodworth (pike, perch, walleye).
Cleveland Slough – .5 miles south of Cleveland along County Road 67 (perch – no ramp).
Crystal Springs – 1 mile east of Crystal Springs (pike, walleye, perch).
Cysewski Lake – 11 miles north, 4 miles east, 2 miles north, .5 miles east, 1 mile north of Jamestown (perch – no ramp).
East Easter Lake – 5 miles north, 4 miles east, 1 mile south of Streeter (perch – no ramp).
Gaier Lake – 8.5 miles north, 1 mile west of Cleveland (perch – no ramp).
Ghost Lake – 8 miles east, 3 miles south, 1 mile west of Woodworth (perch – no ramp).
Hehn-Schaffer Lake – 4 miles north of Gackle (pike, walleye, perch – fishing pier).
Hieb Lake – 3.5 miles east, 6 miles north, 1 mile east of Medina (perch – no ramp).
Hoggarth Dam – 3 miles west, 3 miles south of Courtenay (perch – no ramp).
Jamestown Reservoir – 2 miles north of Jamestown (pike, walleye, crappie – fishing pier).
Jim Lake – 6 miles east of Pingree (pike, walleye, perch – no ramp).
Little Britches Pond – Next to Jamestown Reservoir marina (trout – no ramp).
Manley Lake – 4 miles south, 9 miles west, .25 miles north of Pingree (perch – no ramp).
Mud and Pearl Lakes – 10 miles north, 2.5 miles west of Medina (perch – no ramp).
Paris Lake – 8 miles east, 3.5 miles south of Woodworth (perch – no ramp).
Pipestem Reservoir – 5 miles northwest,.8 miles west, 1 mile south of Jamestown (pike, walleye, crappie).
R and M Lake – 4 miles east, 5 miles north of Buchanan (perch, walleye – no ramp).
Reule Lake – 2 miles north, 5 miles west, 1.7 miles south of Medina (perch, walleye – no ramp).
Schock Lake – 11 miles north, 3.5 miles east, 1 mile north, .5 miles west of Jamestown (perch – no ramp).
School Lake – 5 miles north, 5 miles east, 3 miles north of Streeter (perch – no ramp).
Spiritwood Lake – 11 miles north, 4 miles east of Jamestown (smallmouth bass, walleye, perch – fishing pier).
Stink Lake – 2.5 miles east of Crystal Springs (perch, walleye – no ramp).
Streeter Lake – South side of Streeter (pike).
Sunday Lake – 1 mile west, 3 miles north of Woodworth (pike, perch – no ramp).
Trautman Slough – 4 miles south, 2 miles west, 1 mile south of Cleveland (walleye – no ramp).
Zimmerman Lake – 2 miles north of Cleveland (perch – no ramp).

Towner
Armourdale Dam – 9 miles east, 1.5 miles north of Rolla (pike, walleye, perch – fishing pier).
Bisbee Dam-Big Coulee – 1 mile east of Bisbee (pike, walleye, perch – fishing pier).

Walsh
Bylin Dam – 3 miles east, 3 miles south of Adams (pike, bluegill, walleye – fishing pier).
Dougherty Dam – 1 mile west of Bylin Dam (pike, bluegill – no ramp).
Homme Dam – 2 miles west of Park River (pike, perch, crappie – fishing pier).
Matejcek Dam – 6 miles south of Lankin (pike, walleye, perch).

Ward
Hiddenwood Lake – 8 miles south of Makoti (pike, walleye, perch – fishing pier).
Lake Korslein – 5 miles west, 3 miles north, .5 miles east of the junction of U.S. Highway 83 and ND Highway 23 (perch – no ramp).
Makoti Lake – 6 miles south of Makoti (pike, perch – no ramp).
North Carlson Lake – 10 miles east of Ryder (pike, perch).
Rice Lake – 4 miles north, 7 miles east, 2 miles north of Ryder (pike, perch – fishing pier).
South Carlson Lake – 10 miles east of Ryder (pike, perch – fishing pier).
State Fair Pond – North end of state fairgrounds (trout, bluegill – no ramp).
Velva Sportsmen’s Pond – 7 miles south, 1.5 miles west, 1 mile south, .5 miles west of Velva (trout, largemouth bass).

Wells
Georgeson Lake – 3 miles north, 3 miles east, .25 miles north of Bremen (perch – no ramp).
Goose Lake – 3 miles north, 3 miles east, 1 mile north of Harvey (pike, perch, walleye).
Harvey Dam – Southeast side of Harvey (pike, perch, walleye – fishing pier).
Heaton Slough – 4 miles east, 8 miles south, 3 miles east of Bowdon (perch, pike – no ramp).
Hurd Lake – 2 miles west, 3 miles south of Hurdsfield (perch – no ramp).
Hurdsfield-Tuffy Lake – 3.5 miles east of Hurdsfield (perch, walleye – no ramp).
Monson Lake – 1 mile south, 1 mile east, 8 miles south, 1 mile west of Bowdon (perch, walleye – no ramp).
Silver Lake – 1 mile west, 7.5 miles south, 2 miles west, 2 miles north of Bowdon (perch – no ramp).
Silver Lake WMA – 3 miles south of Chaseley (walleye, perch – no ramp).
Sykeston Dam – Northwest side of Sykeston (pike, perch, crappie – fishing pier).
Weisz Lake – 2 miles west, 1.5 miles south of Hurdsfield (perch – no ramp).

Williams
Blacktail Dam – 5 miles north, 5 miles west, 1 mile north of the junction of U.S. highways 2 and 85 (pike, walleye, bluegill – fishing pier).
Cottonwood Lake – 1 mile east, .5 miles north of Alamo (pike, perch, walleye – fishing pier).
East Spring Lake Pond – North side of Williston (pike – fishing pier).
Epping-Springbrook Dam – 1.5 miles east of Springbrook (pike, walleye, perch – fishing pier).
Kettle Lake – 3 miles east, 2.5 miles north of Zahl (trout, bluegill fishing pier).
Kota-Ray Dam – 5 miles south, .5 miles east, 2 miles south of Ray (trout, bluegill, largemouth bass – fishing pier).
McGregor Dam – 1 mile south of McGregor (walleye, trout, perch – fishing pier).
McLeod (Ray) Reservoir – Southwest side of Ray (walleye, perch, pike – fishing pier).
Tioga Dam – North side of Tioga (pike, perch, bluegill – fishing pier).
Trenton Lake – South side of Trenton (pike, walleye, crappie – fishing pier).
West Spring Lake Pond – North edge of Williston (trout, catfish – no ramp).

Refer to the Game and Fish Department website at gf.nd.gov/maps/mobile-apps for a variety of web-based mobile maps. These maps provide the latest in fish stocking, lake contours, lake status and driving directions.
ONLINE LICENSING

gf.nd.gov

LOG ON FOR ALL YOUR FISHING AND HUNTING LICENSES

- Print your own licenses.
- Print duplicates if you lose one.
- Apply for lottery licenses.
- Don’t worry about your application getting lost or delayed in the mail.
- Regular license fees apply with no service charge added.
- Those without a printer will receive a confirmation number to carry.
- 24 hours a day – 7 days a week. VISA, Discover and Master Card accepted.

LICENSING BY PHONE

Call toll free: 800-406-6409

- You can instantly purchase general licenses and also apply for most lottery licenses.
- In addition to the license fee(s), a service charge will be added. Service charge will vary depending on amount of transaction.