

2014-2015 SMALL GAME - FURBEARER PROCLAMATION

Pursuant to North Dakota law and upon the recommendation of the North Dakota Game and Fish Director (hereafter called "Director") I hereby declare an open season in 2014 and 2015 on certain species of wildlife, as hereafter identified, to be taken with archery equipment, gun, and raptors and for the harvest of certain furbearers.

1. Except as provided hereinafter or otherwise by law, no person shall hunt, trap, use a cable device (snare), kill, take, possess, or so attempt to hunt, trap, use a cable device, kill, take, or possess any small game or furbearer or parts thereof.
2. This proclamation provides no authority for possession of live small game or furbearers.
3. **DEFINITIONS.** As hereinafter used, unless the content or subject matter otherwise requires: "**Game**" shall include any of those species of small game or furbearers as defined in Section 20.1-01-02 of the North Dakota Century Code. "**Upland game**" shall include sharp-tailed, sage and pinnated grouse (prairie chicken), Hungarian partridge, pheasants, ruffed grouse, and tree squirrels. "**Waterfowl**" shall include ducks, geese, swans, mergansers, and coots. "**Migratory game bird**" shall include ducks, geese, coots, mergansers, snipe, woodcock, cranes, swans, and doves. The Early September Canada Goose Season shall include those days proclaimed in August.

"**Daily bag limit**" means the maximum number of the particular game referred to in single or aggregate for which a bag limit is prescribed and that one hunter, legally licensed by this state, may take or kill for that species during a single hunting day, within the boundaries of this state to include Indian reservations.

"**Possession limit**" means the maximum number of the particular game referred (except waterfowl and migratory game birds) that a hunter, legally licensed by this state, may have in his/her actual possession during any phase of any single hunting trip, venture, or expedition of more than one day. The possession limit at one's personal permanent residence is unlimited. No more than a daily limit may be taken on any one day

"**Possession limit for waterfowl and migratory game birds**" means the maximum number of migratory game birds of a single species or a combination of species permitted to be possessed by any one person when lawfully taken in the United States in any one specified geographic area for which a possession limit is prescribed

"**Body gripping trap**" means a trap designed to allow the animal's head, neck or torso to enter the trap opening and be held by compression of the jaws when sprung (example, Conibear).

“Cable device” means a noose used for restraining furbearers by the neck or body (example, snare).

“Colony trap” means an enclosure device designed to allow the capture of one or more furbearers in a single setting with one or more one-way entrances; cannot exceed twelve inches high or twelve inches wide or twelve inches in diameter by 36 inches long.

“Foothold trap” means a steel-jawed trap used for restraining furbearers by the foot (examples, longspring or coil-spring trap).

“Protective covering” means a trap set covering of structural material (wire mesh, wood, plastic, metal) limiting access to the trap through an opening not to exceed eight inches high by eight inches wide.

“Sight-exposed bait” means any bait weighing in excess of one pound, composed of animal flesh, fur, hair, hide, entrails, or feathers placed in such a manner that it can be seen by a soaring hawk, owl, or eagle.

“Water set” means a trap or cable device which is set or staked in a manner to permit the trap, cable device or trapped animal to reach water.

4. **HOURS OF HUNTING** shall be prescribed by Central Daylight Time starting August 1, 2014 through November 1, 2014 and thereafter prescribed by Central Standard Time starting November 2, 2014.

Hours of hunting for upland game, dove, snipe, swans, woodcock, crow and Canada geese, during the Early September Canada Goose Season, shall be from one-half hour before sunrise to sunset each day. Sandhill crane hunting shall be from one-half hour before sunrise to 1 p.m. each day, including the opening day, through November 1, 2014. Starting November 2, 2014, shooting hours for sandhill cranes shall be from one-half hour before sunrise to 2 p.m. each day. Hours for hunting mink, muskrat, and weasel with firearms and archery equipment shall be from one-half hour before sunrise to one-half hour after sunset each day. Hours for hunting red and gray fox, bobcat, mountain lion, coyote, beaver, raccoon and badger with firearms, archery equipment, and dogs shall be from one-half hour before sunrise to one-half hour after sunset each day except for fox and coyote outlined in Section 22. Beaver and raccoon may be taken at any hour of the day but only under the restrictions outlined in Section 19 of this proclamation. All trapping and cable device (snaring) seasons and raccoon hunting shall open at one-half hour before sunrise. Trapping or using a cable device is legal at any hour after the opening.

5. TRAPS, FIREARMS, ARCHERY EQUIPMENT AND AMMUNITION.

Small Game: Only firearms, no smaller than .410 caliber nor larger than 10 gauge, loaded with shot and capable of holding no more than three shells, legal archery equipment, and raptors may be used except as otherwise specified. Pistols may not be used to take migratory game birds. A bow must be pulled, held, and released by hand. Any release aid may be used providing it is hand operated, the shooter supports the draw weight of the bow, and the release is not attached to any part of the bow other than at the bowstring. Telescopic sights, range finding devices, battery-powered or electronically lighted sights or other electronic devices attached to the bow, or the arrow, are not permitted. Handheld range finding devices are legal. Arrows capable of causing damage or injury to the animal in excess of that inflicted by the cutting edges of the broadhead, are prohibited while hunting small game with a bow (e.g., explosive arrow points, arrows tipped with drugs or chemicals, and pneumatic or hydraulic shafts are illegal). Arrows must be at least 24 inches long and have at least 2 untrimmed feathers or not less than 5 trimmed feathers when shooting at birds in flight. Raptors may be used only by those possessing a falconry permit.

Paraplegics and/or those having lost the use of one or both arms, having a permit from the Director to hunt with a crossbow, may use such firearm or archery equipment during the small game season. Crossbows must: a) have a peak draw weight of at least 75 pounds and not more than 200 pounds, b) be equipped with a working safety to prevent accidental firing, c) have a stock at least 14 inches long, d) use arrows or bolts at least 14 inches in length, e) Battery-powered and electronic-lighted sight pins and telescopic sights not exceeding a maximum power of four by thirty-two millimeters may be attached to crossbows used for hunting, and f) crossbow hunters must comply with all other archery equipment regulations listed above.

Non-Toxic Shot: Possession or use of shot other than Federally approved non-toxic shot is prohibited while hunting ducks, geese, sandhill cranes, snipe, tundra swans, mergansers, and coots. Possession of "shot other than non-toxic shot" means in the gun, or in the pockets, or within reach while in the process of hunting ducks, geese, swans, sandhill cranes, snipe, and coots. In addition, all U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service lands (National Wildlife Refuges, Wildlife Development Areas and Waterfowl Production Areas) require non-toxic shot for hunting upland game. For additional information on non-toxic shot use on National Wildlife Refuges contact the refuge manager.

Trap set restrictions:

State Wildlife Management Areas (WMA's)

Year round:

Body gripping traps greater than six inches inside jaw spread must –

- be in four inches or more of water; or
- be recessed at least seven inches in a plastic, wood, or metal cubby with a maximum fifty square inch opening; or
- be recessed at least ten inches in a plastic, wood, or metal cubby with a maximum eighty square inch opening.

All Other Lands

From September 1, 2014 through October 24, 2014:

Body gripping traps greater than eight inches inside jaw spread and all water sets must –

- be in four inches or more of water; or
- be used in an upland set and recessed at least ten inches in a plastic, wood, or metal cubby with a maximum eighty square inch opening.

From October 25, 2014 through January 4, 2015:

Body gripping traps greater than eight inches inside jaw spread must –

- be in four inches or more of water; or
- be used in an upland set and recessed at least ten inches in a plastic, wood, or metal cubby with a maximum eighty square inch opening.

From January 5, 2015 through March 15, 2015:

No restrictions on placement.

From March 16, 2015 through April 30, 2015:

Traps placed in or on the water must -

- have a protective covering, including float sets; or
- foothold traps must have a minimum of two inches of water covering the entire trap pan; or
- body gripping traps less than eight inches inside jaw spread must have no more than two inches of the trap above the water surface.

From May 1, 2015 through August 31, 2015:

No restrictions on placement.

Written permission is required to trap or use a cable device on private land, including Conservation PLOTS (**Private Land Open To Sportsmen**); the grantor may determine the length of time permission is granted.

Any taken furbearer for which the season is closed or other protected species incidentally taken must be reported within twelve hours and turned over to the Department.

6. **AREAS CLOSED TO HUNTING.** Federal properties such as refuges, sanctuaries, military installations, parks, or historic sites posted to trespassing and/or hunting are closed to hunting and trapping of all small game and furbearer species. Small game hunting and furbearer hunting and trapping shall be permitted at times and on those areas of federally owned refuges designated by the refuge manager.

A permit from the Director is required to take furbearers on those state wildlife management areas and state easement refuges posted closed to hunting. National parks and historic sites are closed to trapping.

In accordance with N.D.C.C. 20.1-08-04.9, nonresidents shall be prohibited from hunting from October 11, 2014 through October 17, 2014 on Game and Fish Department wildlife management areas or Conservation PLOTS (**Private Land Open To Sportsmen**) Areas.

7. **WANTON WASTE OF WATERFOWL, MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS, AND UPLAND GAME.** No person shall kill, cripple, waste, destroy, spoil, or abandon the edible flesh of any migratory game bird or upland game without making a reasonable effort to retrieve the bird/animal, and retain it in his/her actual custody, at the place where taken and between that place and either (a) his/her personal permanent residence, (b) taxidermist or (c) a common carrier. Edible flesh means the breast meat of any game bird or the hind legs and lower back of a squirrel.
8. **IDENTIFICATION.** One fully feathered wing or the fully feathered head of all waterfowl, snipe, crane, and woodcock; and one leg and foot, or the fully feathered head, or the fully feathered wing of pheasants, Hungarian partridge, and all grouse shall remain attached to such game during transportation or shipment until it reaches the hunter's legal residence or it is processed to be immediately consumed. **EXCEPTION:** Geese only; commercial game processors who comply with all State and Federal tagging and record keeping requirements may remove identification from geese to be processed for consumption, prior to reaching the hunter's legal residence. The processed geese may be transported when accompanied by a copy of the record provided by the processor. Processed geese are still subject to daily and possession limit regulations.

9. **TRANSPORTATION AND STORAGE.** License holders must accompany their game, or parts thereof, (excluding hide) during transportation. Game may be shipped by common carrier in receipt of proper bill of lading. No resident of the state may ship game or parts thereof (other than hides) out of state without a permit from the Department. Except for legally gifted game, it is illegal to possess or transport another's game animal or parts thereof (excluding hides) without the license holder accompanying or as otherwise permitted.

No person shall leave or store any game birds at any place other than that person's legal residence unless each piece of game is tagged with the owner's signature and address, date taken, number and species of game, and license number of the person who harvested the game. The packaging of game birds away from a person's legal residence must be in a manner that the species and number of game birds in each package is easily determined.

Game may be gifted to another, however, nothing allows a person to exceed a daily limit. Any gifted game to be transported must be tagged with the above information and display sex and species identification as required. Termination of possession can only be accomplished by: 1) Gifting of legally harvested game. 2) By consuming the game.

No one may possess in the field, transport, or ship at any one time, more than a possession limit of upland game. No one may possess, store, transport or ship at any one time, more than a possession limit of migratory game birds.

10. **LICENSES OR SPECIAL PERMITS** shall be issued for each season in a manner and form prescribed by the Director and in accordance with law. Most hunting licenses shall be in the form of a stamp that must be endorsed in ink with the licensee's signature and affixed to the back of the licensee's fishing, hunting, and furbearer certificate. **FEDERAL WATERFOWL STAMP:** No person 16 years of age or older shall hunt, kill, or take any duck, goose, merganser, or swan without having in his\her possession a federal waterfowl stamp for the season and validated by his\her signature written across the face thereof in ink. All migratory game bird hunters must be certified annually through the Harvest Information Program (HIP).

Nonresident Waterfowl Licenses and Zones. Nonresident waterfowl hunters shall be restricted to the following conditions: 1) Statewide waterfowl license holders may hunt in any open zone for 14 consecutive days or 2 periods of 7 consecutive days; 2) Nonresidents may hunt only 14 consecutive days in one designated zone or two periods of 7 consecutive days in one or two different zones; 3) Nonresident waterfowl hunters must have the zone(s) selected and hunting days clearly marked upon their license. Nonresident waterfowl licenses will be issued through the Game and Fish Bismarck office, the internet and by telephone. Nonresidents who designate zones 1 or 2 may hunt that zone for only one 7-day period during the season. Nonresident hunters who have chosen to hunt in zone 1 or 2 and wish to utilize the full 14 consecutive days allowed must use the other 7 days in zone 3.

Nonresidents cannot hunt both zones 1 or 2 during the season. Hunters in zone 3 can hunt that zone the entire 14 days.

Nonresidents, who only hunt waterfowl in North Dakota for one week, and want to maximize hunting opportunities in the state, can choose to run their two 7-day periods at the same time. To do this, hunters must choose either zone 1 or 2, and select zone 3 for the same 7-day period. By designating both of these options for the same week, the 14 day total is met.

ZONE 1. U.S. Highway 281 from South Dakota to Jamestown; U.S. Highway 52 from Jamestown to Carrington; ND Highway 200 from Carrington to Hurdsfield; and ND Highway 3 from Hurdsfield to South Dakota.

ZONE 2. ND Highway 36 from Wilton to Tuttle; ND Highway 3 from Tuttle to Hurdsfield; ND Highway 200 from Hurdsfield to U.S. Highway 52 east of Bowdon; north on U.S. Highway 52 to ND Highway 97 south of Velva; west on ND Highway 97 to ND Highway 41; south on ND Highway 41 (south of Velva) to ND Highway 200 at Turtle Lake; west on ND Highway 200 to ND Highway 200A; south on ND Highway 200A to Washburn; and south on U.S. Highway 83 to Wilton.

ZONE 3. The remainder of the state.

Only North Dakota residents shall be permitted to hunt waterfowl from September 27, 2014 through October 3, 2014 if permitted by federal frameworks. In accordance with state law, nonresidents shall be prohibited from hunting Game and Fish Department Wildlife Management Areas or on Conservation PLOTS (**Private Land Open To Sportsmen**) areas from October 11, 2014 through October 17, 2014.

11. **LIMITS.** Unlimited numbers of any furbearer may be taken and possessed, unless otherwise specified. Limits on small game species are specified in the following sections.
12. **MALE PHEASANTS** may be taken statewide from October 11, 2014 through January 4, 2015, with the following restrictions:
 - 1) In accordance with N.D.C.C. 20.1-08-04.9, nonresidents shall be prohibited from hunting from October 11, 2014 through October 17, 2014 on Game and Fish Department wildlife management areas or Conservation PLOTS (**Private Land Open To Sportsmen**) Areas.
 - 2) A delayed opening area in Williams and McKenzie counties starting at a point on the Montana border where the Burlington Northern railroad tracks enter North Dakota, thence east on these tracks to the west boundary of the Trenton Wildlife Management Area (southwest of Trenton), thence south and east on the boundary of the Trenton

WMA to the Missouri River, thence directly across the river, thence west to the Yellowstone River, thence south and west on the Yellowstone River to the Montana border, and thence north to the point of origin where male pheasants may be taken from October 18, 2014 through January 4, 2015.

- 3) Youth Pheasant Season. Legally licensed residents and nonresidents 15 years of age or younger may hunt pheasants statewide on October 4 and 5, 2014. An adult, at least 18 years of age, must accompany the youth pheasant hunter into the field. Any adult accompanying the youth into the field may not carry a firearm and may not hunt any species of wildlife. Bag, possession limit and hunting hours shall be the same as during the regular season.

The daily bag limit shall be 3 and the possession limit 12.

13. **HUNGARIAN PARTRIDGE** may be taken statewide from September 13, 2014 through January 4, 2015. The daily bag limit shall be 3 and the possession limit 12.
14. **SHARP-TAILED GROUSE** may be taken statewide from September 13, 2014 through January 4, 2015 (see **Exception** in following paragraph). The daily bag limit shall be 3 and the possession limit 12.

EXCEPTION: That portion of North Dakota bordered on the west by ND Highway 32, on the north by the Sheyenne River, on the south ND Highway 11 and on the east by the Red and Bois de Sioux Rivers; **and** an area in Grand Forks County bordered on the east by the Red River, the south by U.S. Highway 2, the west by ND Highway 18 and the north by the Walsh and Grand Forks County line, shall be closed to sharp-tailed grouse hunting.

15. **PINNATED GROUSE (Prairie Chicken)** season will be **closed in 2014**.
16. **RUFFED GROUSE** may be taken in Bottineau, Rolette, Cavalier, Pembina, and Walsh counties and that portion of J. Clark Salyer National Wildlife Refuge in McHenry County south of the Upham-Willow City road from September 13, 2014 through January 4, 2015. The daily bag limit shall be 3 and the possession limit 12.
17. **SAGE GROUSE** season will be **closed in 2014**.
18. **TREE SQUIRRELS** may be taken statewide from September 13, 2014 through January 4, 2015. Tree squirrels may be taken with shotguns, rimfire and muzzleloading firearms, or with bow and arrows legal for the taking of upland game. The daily bag limit shall be 4 and the possession limit 12.

19. **BEAVER AND RACCOON** may be taken with firearms, traps, underwater cable devices (snares), and archery equipment (including crossbows) statewide and year round. The season will officially close March 31 and reopen April 1 of each year. Cable devices may be used on land November 24, 2014 through April 30, 2015. From March 16, 2015 through April 30, 2015, cable devices must be within 50 feet of water, no greater than 4 inches off the ground and have a stop restricting loop size to 12 inches or less in diameter.

Beaver dams may be partially or completely dismantled when their presence causes property damage.

Raccoon may be pursued with dogs statewide and year round.

Beaver and raccoon may be taken at any hour of the day, while hunting on foot, with the aid of a flashlight with a power source of not more than 6 volts. A red or amber filter must be placed over the light except when taking a raccoon treed or at bay. The use of auto headlights, spotlights, and lights other than a flashlight with a power source of not over 6 volts as an aid in taking raccoon is prohibited. Legal firearms for flashlight hunting of beaver and raccoon are rifles or handguns firing a rimfire cartridge no larger than .22 caliber long rifle or shotguns no larger than .410 gauge. Rifled slugs are not legal.

20. **WEASEL, MINK, AND MUSKRAT.**

Weasel may be taken statewide with traps from October 25, 2014 through March 15, 2015. Cable devices (snares) may be used statewide from November 24, 2014 through March 15, 2015. Weasels may be hunted statewide with rimfire cartridges of .22 caliber or smaller, muzzleloaders of .45 caliber or smaller, and longbows and crossbows from November 24, 2014 through March 15, 2015.

Muskrat and Mink may be taken statewide with traps from October 25, 2014 through April 30, 2015. From March 16, 2015 through April 30, 2015 colony traps must be under at least two inches of water and trapping on the outside of any muskrat house or structure of any size is prohibited. Traps may be placed completely inside a muskrat house or structure of any size. Foothold traps must have at least two inches of water over the entire trap pan or a protective covering. Body-gripping traps used in a water set can have no more than two inches of the trap above water or a protective covering. Cable devices (snares) may be used statewide from November 24, 2014 through April 30, 2015. From March 16, 2015 through April 30, 2015, using cable devices on the outside of any muskrat house or structure of any size is prohibited. Muskrat and mink may be hunted statewide with rimfire cartridges of .22 caliber or smaller, muzzleloaders of .45 caliber or smaller, and with archery equipment from November 24, 2014 through April 30, 2015.

Muskrat huts may be opened for insertion of traps or cable devices (snares), however, the huts must be restored to their approximate original condition to prevent freeze-up.

21. **BOBCAT** may be harvested using firearms, archery equipment (including crossbows) or traps, from November 8, 2014 through March 15, 2015. They can also be harvested with the use of a cable device (snare) or dogs from November 24, 2014 through March 15, 2015. The season shall be open only in the area south and west of the Missouri River. The pelt and carcass of each bobcat must be presented to Game and Fish Department personnel for inspection and tagging no later than 14 days after the close of the season (March 29, 2015), or prior to sale or transfer of possession, whichever comes first. No bobcat pelt will be tagged until the animal is skinned and presented with the intact carcass. The carcass shall remain the property of the Department. No person, taxidermist, or fur dealer shall possess or purchase an untagged bobcat. When any part of the animal is mounted, if the tag is removed from the pelt, the tag must be securely fastened to the back or bottom of the mount and remain there.

Pelt tags are available from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to be used on pelts of captive born and raised lynx in North Dakota. Documented proof must be presented to establish that the individual lynx are from an established breeding colony, and that the individual lynx are off-spring of captive lynx (at least F2 generation in captivity).

22. **RED FOX, GRAY FOX, COYOTE AND BADGER** may be taken with firearms, traps, archery equipment (including crossbows), and dogs statewide and year round. The season will officially close March 31 and reopen April 1 of each year. Cable devices (snares) may be used statewide from November 24, 2014 through March 15, 2015.

Red Fox, Gray Fox, and Coyotes may be hunted at any hour of the day from November 24, 2014, through March 15, 2015. Any person who engages in the hunting of red fox, gray fox, or coyotes during the time from one-half hour after sunset to one-half hour before sunrise, must hunt exclusively on foot and use a predator call. The use of a spotlight or any other artificial light is prohibited.

23. **MOUNTAIN LIONS** may only be hunted by North Dakota residents. Any legal firearm or archery equipment currently allowed for furbearers is legal. The limit for mountain lions is one animal per hunter per season. Any mountain lion, other than kittens (kitten defined as a mountain lion with visible spots) or females accompanied by kittens, may be harvested during the season. Any mountain lion that is harvested must be reported to the Department within twelve hours and the entire intact animal must be submitted for analysis and tagging. Legally taken animals will be returned to the hunter following analysis so that the pelt may be removed but the carcass shall remain the property of the Department. The use of traps or cable devices (snares) to take mountain lions is prohibited. A quota of twenty-one mountain lions will be allowed in Zone 1, which will be divided into an early- and late-season. Zone 1 includes land south of ND Highway 1804 from the Montana border to the point where ND Highway 1804 lies directly across Lake Sakakawea from ND Highway 8, crossing Lake Sakakawea then south along ND Highway 8 to ND Highway 200, then west on ND Highway 200 to U.S. Highway 85, then south on U.S. Highway 85 to the South

Dakota border. Zone 2 is the remainder of the state not described as Zone 1. See Figure 1 for illustrated boundaries. Once this quota is reached, the season will be closed immediately. The Department will inform the public through press releases, public service announcements, and media contacts of this closure. Mountain lions included in the Zone 1 quota are those taken by a legally licensed hunter using approved firearms or archery equipment in a designated season. This quota will not include mountain lions taken by USDA Wildlife Services, the Department, private landowners in defense of livestock, road killed animals, mountain lions incidentally taken by traps or cable devices, animals taken for human safety issues and those taken on Indian land. There will be no quota in Zone 2. Mountain lions may be killed at any time in protection of human life or as prescribed by N.D.C.C. 20.1-07-04 for the catching or killing of depredating fur-bearing animals. The person killing or catching a mountain lion under these conditions must report the kill or catch within twelve hours and surrender the mountain lion to the Department and it will remain the property of the state.

ZONE 1 EARLY-SEASON: Legal firearms and archery equipment may be used from August 29, 2014 through November 23, 2014. Harvest may be no more than fourteen mountain lions during the early season.

ZONE 1 LATE-SEASON: Legal firearms and archery equipment and pursuing with dogs may be used from November 24, 2014 through March 31, 2015. Harvest may be no more than seven mountain lions during the late season.

ZONE 2: Legal firearms and archery equipment may be used from August 29, 2014 through March 31, 2015. Pursuing with dogs is allowed only from November 24, 2014 through March 31, 2015.

24. **FISHER** may only be harvested by North Dakota residents using traps or cable devices (snares) from November 24, 2014 through November 30, 2014. The limit for fishers is one animal per trapper per season. Fishers may only be harvested east of U.S. Highway 281 and ND Highway 4 (See Figure 2 for illustrated boundaries). Hunting of fishers is prohibited. Any fisher that is harvested must be reported to the Department within twelve hours (to make arrangements to have the fisher tagged). The fisher pelt must be removed from the carcass prior to presenting the fisher to Department personnel for tagging. No fisher pelt will be tagged until the animal is skinned and presented with the intact carcass. The carcass shall remain property of the Department. No person, taxidermist or fur dealer shall possess or purchase an untagged fisher. When any part of the animal is mounted, if the tag is removed from the pelt, the tag must be securely fastened to the back or bottom of mount and remain there. Fishers incidentally trapped after the close of the season or outside of the open area must be reported to the Department within twelve hours and turned over to the Department.

25. **CABLE DEVICES (SNARES).**

- Use of cable devices (snares) is permitted on state wildlife management areas and federal waterfowl production areas after the close of the small game season through March 15, 2015.
- A metal or plastic tag must be attached to each cable device. This tag must display the trapper's name, address, and telephone number.
- Written permission must be secured from the landowner prior to placing or setting cable devices on private land or Conservation PLOTS (**P**riate **L**and **O**pen **T**o **S**portsmen); the grantor may determine the length of time permission is granted.
- Use of relaxing cable devices is permitted. One stop must be affixed to each cable device on land to prevent the loop from opening to a diameter greater than 12 inches.
- Cable devices cannot be placed or set in the field prior to the opening date or remain set or placed in the field after the closing date of the cable device season for the respective species.
- All cable devices must be affixed to an immovable object solidly attached to the ground. The use of drags is prohibited.
- Cable devices must be set so that the bottom of the loop is no greater than 12 inches from the ground; or when the ground is snow covered, no greater than 12 inches above the bottom of an adult's footprint in the snow beneath the cable device with the full body weight on the foot.
- Cable devices must be constructed of single-strand (1x19) or multi-strand (7x7) or (7x19) carbon or stainless steel cable of one-sixteenth inch diameter or larger.
- Cable devices must possess a lock or breakaway device that has been tested to break or disassemble at no more than 350 pounds pull.
- Individuals that are self-assembling cable devices from components must assume liability and responsibility for ensuring that the devices, locks or parts break or disassemble at 350 pounds pull or less.
- All individuals who use cable devices shall register on the North Dakota Game and Fish Department's website (gf.nd.gov) prior to participating.

26. **PROTECTED FURBEARERS.** The season for Canada lynx (*Lynx canadensis*), gray wolf (*Canis lupus*), swift fox (*Vulpes velox*), black bear (*Ursus americanus*), wolverine (*Gulo gulo*), American marten (*Martes americana*), and river otter (*Lontra canadensis*) shall remain closed. The gray wolf, west of U.S. Highway 83 to the south shore of Lake Sakakawea and continuing west of the Missouri River is an endangered species under the jurisdiction of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. In all areas east of U.S. Highway 83 or east of the Missouri River, the gray wolf is a state furbearer under the jurisdiction of the North Dakota Game and Fish Department.

Any gray wolf (under the jurisdiction of the North Dakota Game and Fish Department) killed in defense of domestic animals, as allowed by law, must be reported to the Department within twelve hours, and the whole animal shall be turned over to the Department.

27. **AIRCRAFT, MOTOR-DRIVEN VEHICLES, AND LIGHTS.**

It is illegal to drive, concentrate, rally, raise, stir up, spot, or disturb game with all types of aircraft, including drones.

It is illegal to shoot with bow and arrow or firearm while in or on a motor-driven vehicle, except as otherwise provided by law.

No person may carry a firearm with a cartridge in the chamber in or on a motor-driven vehicle while hunting, except as otherwise provided by law. The entire cylinder of a revolver is considered the chamber, requiring the revolver to be completely unloaded. Handguns with removable magazines or clips must have the magazine or clips removed from the firearm if the magazine or clip contains any loaded shells. It is illegal to carry any muzzleloading firearm in or on a motor-driven vehicle with a cap or primer in place or powder in the flash pan.

No person may use motor-driven vehicles on North Dakota Game and Fish Department Conservation PLOTS (**P**riate **L**and **O**pen **T**o **S**portsmen) property without written permission from the landowner or as otherwise signed by the Department. These areas have been entrusted to the public for walking access through written agreements by private landowners. The boundaries of these properties are delineated in the North Dakota Game and Fish Department's annual PLOTS Guide and on-site by large yellow triangular signs.

Use of night vision equipment, electronically enhanced light gathering optics or thermal imaging equipment for locating or hunting game is prohibited.

MOTOR-DRIVEN VEHICLES AND AIRCRAFT IN THE TAKING OF FURBEARERS.

It is illegal to drive vehicles off established roads and trails during the deer gun season while attempting to take furbearers with firearms, archery equipment, and dogs. Aircraft may not be used to take coyotes, fox, or any other furbearer, without a special permit.

28. **EXPOSED BAITS.** It is illegal to place traps or cable devices (snares) within twenty-five feet of any sight-exposed bait.
29. **SANDHILL CRANE UNITS:** There shall be two management units for regulating the harvest of sandhill cranes in 2014. The two units are:

Unit 1. That portion of North Dakota lying west of U.S. Highway 281. In Unit 1, sandhill cranes may be taken from September 20, 2014 through November 16, 2014. The daily bag limit shall be 3 cranes and the possession limit 9 cranes.

Unit 2. That portion of North Dakota lying east of U.S. Highway 281. In Unit 2, sandhill cranes may be taken from September 20, 2014 through November 16, 2014. The daily bag limit shall be 2 cranes and the possession limit 6 cranes.

Hunters may not aggregate daily bag or possession limits from the two units.

To hunt sandhill cranes, each hunter must possess a general game and habitat license, a small game or waterfowl license (excepting those under 16 years of age), and a \$5.00 sandhill crane hunting permit available from the North Dakota Game and Fish Department's Bismarck office. Nonresident sandhill crane hunters using a waterfowl license must hunt only in their waterfowl zone (Exception: nonresidents using a statewide waterfowl license). Those nonresidents using a small game license can hunt in either crane unit.

It is illegal to shoot from open water or from a boat or other floating vessel in open water while hunting sandhill cranes.

30. **DOVES** may be taken statewide from September 1, 2014 through November 9, 2014. The daily limit shall be 15 and the possession limit 45.
31. **CROWS** may be taken statewide from August 9, 2014 through October 26, 2014, and from March 14, 2015 through April 26, 2015. There shall be no limit on the number of crows taken. In addition to the crow season, crows may be taken when committing or about to commit depredations as specified in federal law (50 CFR 21.43).
32. **SNIPE** may be taken statewide September 20, 2014 through December 7, 2014. The daily bag limit shall be 8 and the possession limit 24.
33. **WOODCOCK** may be taken statewide September 27, 2014 through November 10, 2014. The daily bag limit shall be 3 and the possession limit 9.

34. **SPECIAL EXTENDED FALCONRY SEASON.** Licensed falconers possessing the appropriate North Dakota licenses may hunt resident game species from August 9, 2014 through March 22, 2015. Bag and possession limits shall be the same as for gun hunting during the regular season. During the extended season for resident species, the daily bag limit shall be 1 in aggregate and the possession limit shall be 2 in aggregate for all legal resident game species.

Licensed falconers possessing the appropriate North Dakota hunting licenses and a federal migratory hunting stamp may hunt legal migratory game birds during the regular gun hunting seasons. In addition, licensed falconers may hunt snipe, ducks, mergansers and coots from September 8, 2014 through September 12, 2014 and September 15, 2014 through September 19, 2014. The bag and possession limits for all permitted migratory birds shall not exceed 3 and 9 birds, respectively, singly or in aggregate, during both regular hunting seasons and extended falconry seasons.

It shall be illegal for falconers to have uncased firearms in their possession while in the field during these extended seasons.

35. **TUNDRA SWANS** may be taken statewide October 4, 2014 through January 4, 2015. A total of 2,200 licenses will be available and issued through a lottery. Successful applicants will be allowed to take one swan during the season. The Department will accept lottery applications through August 13, 2014. A person may submit only one application. North Dakota residents and nonresidents shall be eligible to apply. Immediately upon retrieving a swan, the hunter must indicate the date of kill by cutting out the appropriate month and day from the tag provided with the license, and attach it around the leg of the swan in an exact manner as described on the tag backing, to prevent its removal. In no case is it legal to possess a swan unless it is properly tagged. The tag shall remain with the carcass until March 31, 2015 or until the meat is consumed.
36. **EARLY SEPTEMBER CANADA GOOSE SEASON/ZONES.** The Early September Canada Goose Season is a late-summer, early-fall season for resident Canada geese authorized under a U.S. Fish and Wildlife conservation order with the zones and associated dates set forth by this proclamation.

There shall be 2 zones for early Canada goose hunting. These zones are:

1) Missouri River Canada Goose Zone.

All areas within the following description: Starting where ND Highway 6 crosses the South Dakota border; thence north on ND Highway 6 to Interstate 94; thence west on Interstate 94 to ND Highway 49; thence north on ND Highway 49 to ND Highway 200; thence north on Mercer Co. 21 to the section line between sections 8 and 9 (T146N-R87W); thence north on that section line to the southern shoreline of Lake Sakakawea; thence east along the southern shoreline of Lake Sakakawea (including

Mallard Island) to U.S. Highway 83; thence south on U.S. Highway 83 to ND Highway 200; thence east on ND Highway 200 to ND Highway 41; thence south on ND Highway 41 to U.S. Highway 83; thence south on U.S. Highway 83 to Interstate 94; thence east on Interstate 94 to U.S. Highway 83; thence south on U.S. Highway 83 to the South Dakota border; thence west on the South Dakota border to ND Highway 6. See Figure 3 for illustrated boundaries.

- Canada geese may be taken in the Missouri River Canada Goose Zone from August 15, 2014 through September 7, 2014.

2) Remainder of the state not included in the Missouri River Canada Goose Zone.

- Canada geese may be taken throughout the rest of the state from August 15, 2014 through September 15, 2014.

For the two zones, the daily limit shall be 15 Canada geese. The possession limit shall be 45 Canada geese. Hunters may not aggregate daily or possession limits from the two zones.

To hunt this Canada goose season: 1) Resident hunters must possess a certificate, a general game and habitat license, a small game license (excepting those under 16 years of age), and an early September Canada goose season license; 2) Nonresident hunters need only a certificate and an early September Canada goose season license. This license is good only during the early goose season. Beginning September 1, 2014, in addition to the state licenses above, a Federal Migratory Bird Stamp is required for anyone 16 years of age and older. All migratory game bird hunters must be certified annually through the Harvest Information Program (HIP).

37. VIOLATIONS AND PENALTIES.

Possession or use of shot other than "non-toxic shot" in a restricted area or while hunting those species listed in Section 5. (Section 5) -- penalty - noncriminal - \$100.

Failure to register for the Harvest Information Program. (Section 10) -- penalty - noncriminal - \$25.

Failure to register when using a cable device. (Section 25) -- penalty - noncriminal - \$25.

Hunting migratory game birds or upland game with shotgun capable of holding more than three shells. (Section 5) -- penalty - noncriminal - \$25.

Failure to sign or affix stamps to the licensee's fishing, hunting, and furbearer certificate (Section 10) -- penalty - noncriminal - \$25.

Failure to have in possession a Federal Waterfowl Stamp (Section 10) -- penalty - noncriminal - \$175.

Failure to leave one fully feathered wing or the fully feathered head of all waterfowl, crane, tundra swans, snipe, woodcock, dove, and one leg and foot or the fully feathered head or wing of pheasants, Hungarian partridge, and all grouse attached during the transportation or shipment to final place of storage (Section 8) -- penalty - noncriminal - \$50.

Failure to accompany one's own game during transportation or transporting another's game (Section 9) -- penalty - noncriminal - \$100.

A person afield legally hunting with a firearm in or on a vehicle with a cartridge in the chamber (Section 27) -- penalty - \$25.

Placing traps or cable devices (snares) within 25 feet of any sight-exposed bait (Section 28) -- penalty - noncriminal - \$100.

Failure to restore a muskrat hut to its approximate original condition (Section 20) -- penalty - noncriminal - \$50.

Wanton waste of migratory birds and upland game (Section 7) -- 1 to 5 birds/animals, penalty - noncriminal - \$50 per bird/animal, in excess of 5 birds/animals - Class B misdemeanor.

Exceeding daily bag limit of small game (Section 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 18) -- 1 in excess of the daily limit, penalty - noncriminal - \$100. A second bird or second violation within one year shall be a Class B misdemeanor.

Hunting before or after legal hours (Section 4) up to 30 minutes -- penalty - noncriminal - \$100. In excess of 30 minutes - Class B misdemeanor.

Use of a motor-driven vehicle in a restricted area (Section 27) -- penalty - noncriminal - \$50.

Taking wrong sex upland game bird (Section 12) -- penalty - noncriminal \$100 for the first bird. In excess of one bird - Class B Misdemeanor.

Failure to package or label packages as required (Section 9) -- penalty - noncriminal - \$50.

Placing foothold traps in the water with less than two inches of water covering the entire trap pan without the prescribed protective coverings in place from March 16, 2015 through April 30, 2015 (Section 5) -- One to four sets placed with less than two inches of water over the entire trap pan and without prescribed protective covering in place, penalty - noncriminal - \$100 per set. More than four sets or a second violation within one year shall be a Class B misdemeanor.

Placing body gripping traps with less than eight inches inside jaw spread in the water with more than two inches of the trap above the water surface without the prescribed protective coverings in place from March 16, 2015 through April 30, 2015 (Section 5) -- One to four body gripping traps with less than eight inches inside jaw spread placed with more than two inches of the trap above the water surface and without prescribed protective covering in place, penalty - noncriminal - \$100 per trap. More than four body gripping traps with less than eight inches inside jaw spread or a second violation within one year shall be a Class B misdemeanor.

Placing any trap or cable device on the outside of any muskrat house or structure of any size from March 16, 2015 through April 30, 2015 (Section 20) -- One to four traps or cable devices, or any combination thereof, penalty - noncriminal - \$100 per trap or cable device. More than four traps or cable devices, or any combination thereof, or a second violation within one year shall be a Class B misdemeanor.

Placing foothold traps in water with less than four inches of water covering the entire trap pan from September 1, 2014 through October 19, 2014 (Section 5) -- One to four foothold traps, penalty - noncriminal - \$100 per trap. More than four foothold traps or a second violation within one year shall be a Class B misdemeanor.

Figure 1. 2014-2015 Mountain Lion Management Zones.

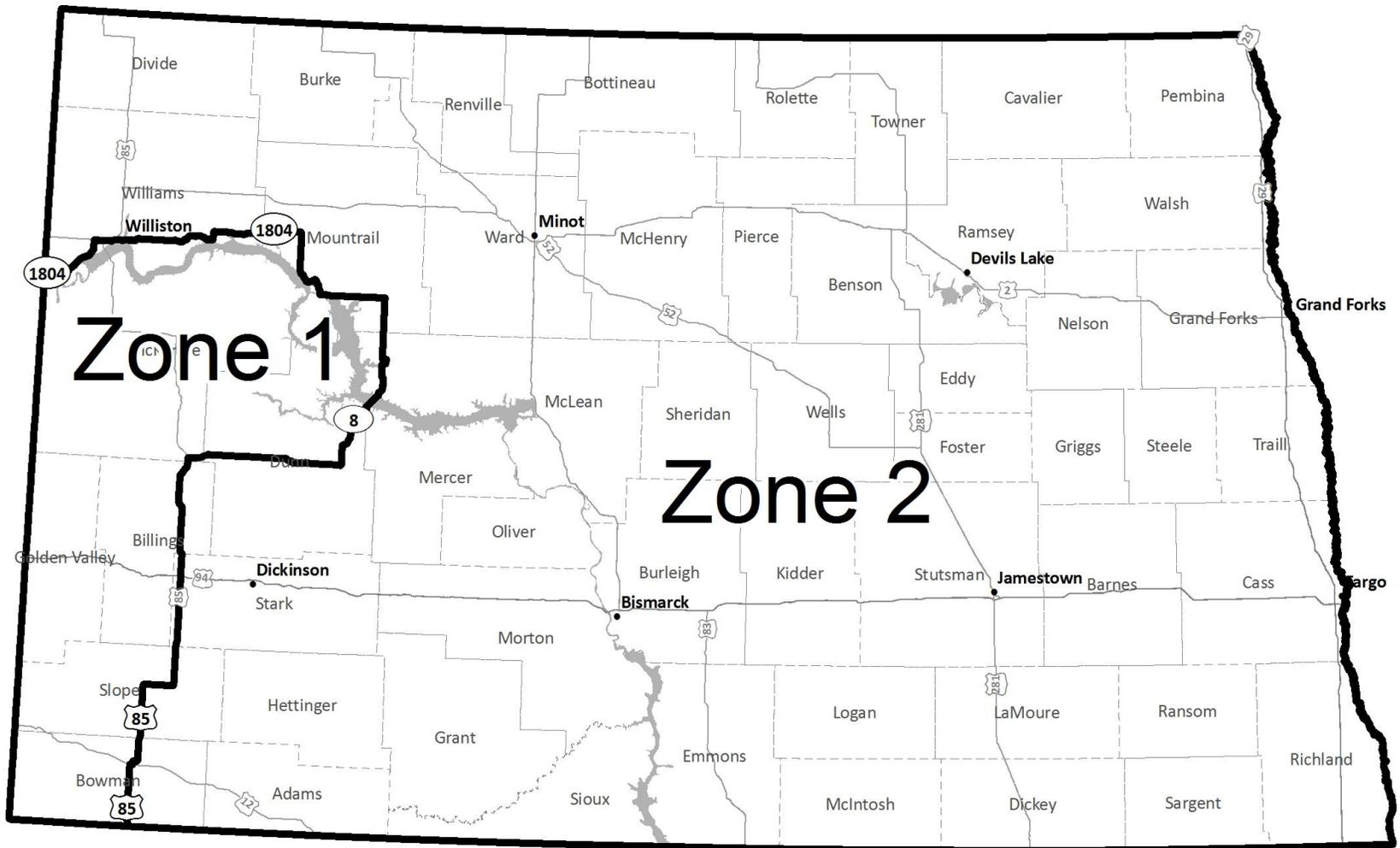


Figure 2. 2014-2015 Fisher Open/Closed Areas.

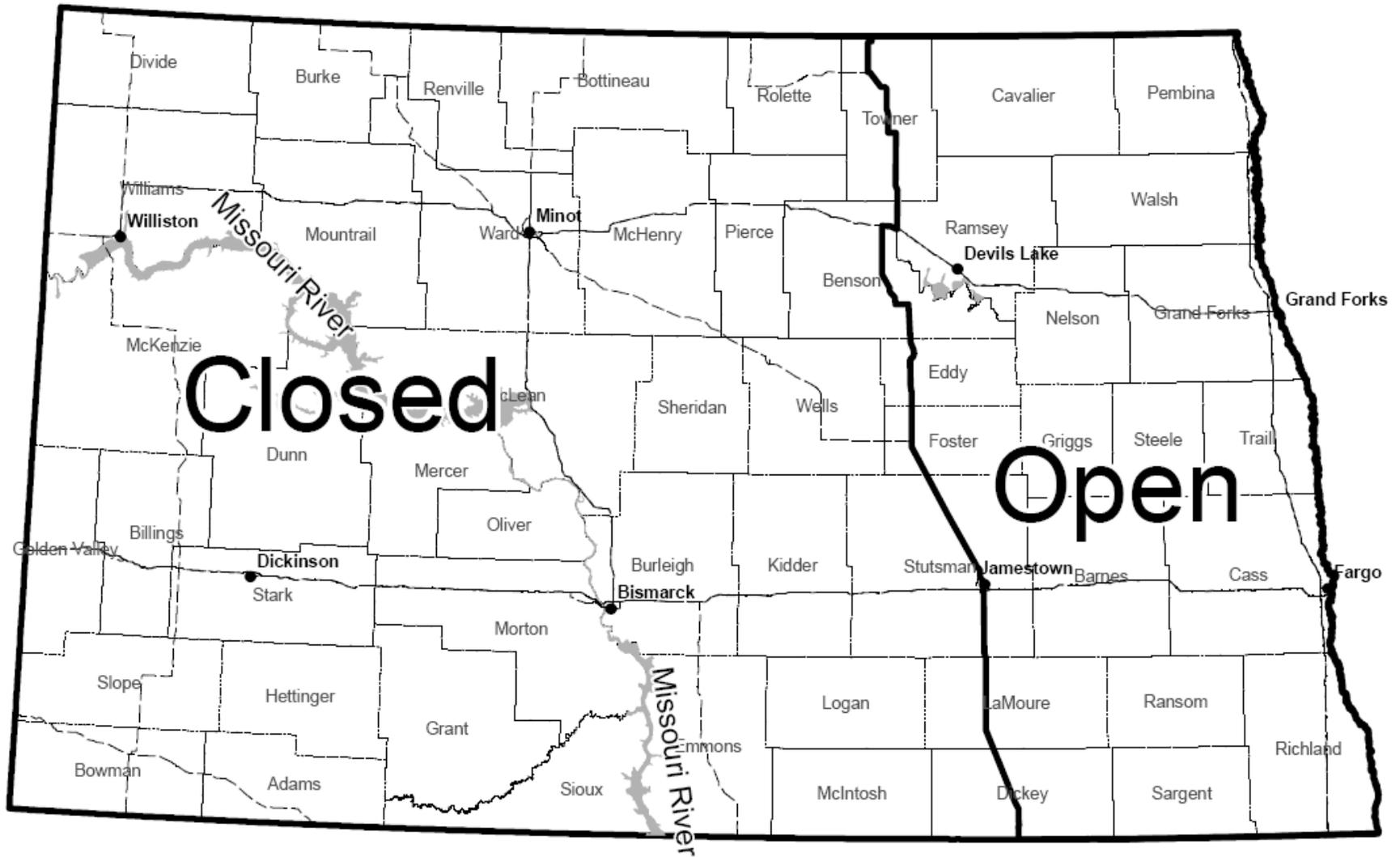


Figure 3. 2014 Missouri River Canada Goose Zone.

