In North Dakota, regulated use of body-grip traps occurs from October through April. Limited trapping occurs during late spring and summer by landowners or their agents removing nuisance wild animals. Obtaining permission to go on private property and visiting with landowners will help identify other activities occurring on the same property. Sharing this knowledge will reduce the potential for problems.

Trapping in North Dakota, which includes using body-grip traps, is an important component of furbearer management. Body-grip traps you may encounter afield are intended to capture mink, fisher, badger, raccoon, fox, skunk and bobcat. In water, body-grip traps are set for muskrat and beaver.

Trapping in North Dakota is highly regulated; enforced by game wardens; based on sound science; and backed by continued research. The NDGFD and NDFHTA review all reported trap incidents to assure continual success with regulated furbearer harvest and other resource users.

Individuals who want to learn more about trapping in North Dakota have that opportunity by attending a fur harvester education course. Information about upcoming courses and locations are posted on the website or can be obtained by contacting the NDGFD or NDFHTA.

This brochure is the product of the North Dakota Cooperative Fur Harvester Education Program. (NDCFHEP)
**Body-grip Trap Description**

Body-grip traps come in a variety of sizes with openings ranging from 5 inches to 12 inches. Body-grip traps are used in water and on dry land, depending on what is being trapped.

*This is a body-grip trap and its parts.*

- Jaws
- Trigger
- Spring Arms
- Safety Lock
- Trapper Identification Tag

In most cases, the largest body-grip trap used on dry land has a 7 inch opening. Larger sizes are impractical, and depending on where set, may require enclosures or protection to avoid catching a dog. The body-grip traps with 5 and 6 inch openings pose little risk to catching a dog around the head.

Body-grip traps used in water may vary in size. Those traps with 5 and 6 inch openings will be used to target muskrat and mink. Larger traps with 8 to 12 inch openings will be used to target beaver. Be aware of what animals may be present and who may be sharing the landscape with you.

Share this knowledge with others.

**How to Remove a Dog from a Body-grip Trap**

If a dog is caught in a body-grip trap, you have a brief amount of time to safely release the animal. It is important to act as quickly as possible.

*Step 1:* Immediately squeeze both springs and turn the trap so the jaws are not placing pressure on the dog’s windpipe.

*Squeeze Both Springs*

*Twisting 90 degrees takes the pressure off the animals windpipe.*

*Step 2:* Compress one of the springs using both hands until you’re able to fasten the safety lock over the opposite side of the spring.

*Step 3:* Secure the safety lock, which keeps the spring compressed. Again, use both hands on each spring if necessary. This relieves the pressure from one side of the trap.

*Step 4:* Repeat the same process for the other spring.

*Step 5:* Slide the dog’s head from between the jaws of the trap.